

REPUBLICAN JOURNAL. PUBLISHED WEEKLY. VOL. 68.

Subscription in City and County. One year, \$2.00; six months, \$1.00; three months, \$0.50. Single copies, 10 cents.

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THE NATIONAL HONOR.

the national honor, and to save the credit of the United States. Mr. Dana is out of the United States. Such great... The national convention of the Social-Labor party nominated Charles H. Matchett of Brooklyn for President of the United States. Alderman Mathew McGuire of Paterson, N. J., was nominated for Vice President. The San Francisco Chronicle and San Francisco Call, two influential California newspapers, have heretofore espoused the cause of silver, have thrown over the white metal and are out in support of the St. Louis platform. Ex-Congressman Outhwaite, Democrat, at Columbus July 10th, from Chicago, says it is settled that the candidates of the Chicago convention is overwhelmingly defeated. Chairman Hanna of the Republican national committee says: "We think that the western and southern States are debatable ground and we shall go into the contest with that idea. The Dakotas should go Republican, Nebraska should be Republican, and the same is true of Alabama and Louisiana." The Maine members of the national Democratic convention have returned home. They reached Portland Monday night. Hon. Edward B. Winslow, the candidate for Governor, who was one of the delegates, absolutely refused to make any statement. The Maine Populists feel that they are in a saddle now and already there is a disposition to demand the retirement of Governor B. Winslow, the Democratic nominee for governor, and the endorsement for governor of Hon. Luther C. Bateman, the Populist candidate.

IN BRIEF. Internal revenue collections for the New Hampshire district, which includes New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont, for June amounted to \$46,790.01. This is a decrease of over \$4,000 compared with the corresponding month of last year. Advances from Yokohama dated June 22d, state that thirty-seven thousand one hundred and fifty-six people were killed in the two prefectures of Musas (Oryvate, Japan, by the recent tidal wave. A despatch from Moroka dated June 20th, says over sixty thousand persons were killed or injured by the wave. Failures of bicycle makers have been a feature of the business districts of the past month, no less than 21 firms being reported as insolvent during the month of June. And more failures in the bicycle trade are said to be imminent. Great credit has been given to the bicycle trade, and the business has plainly been overdone, and sacrifice sales of surplus stocks are beginning to play the mischief with prices.

WASHINGTON WHISPERINGS. The report of the Navigation Bureau shows that during the year 1895, 204,000 tons of goods were built in the United States, compared with 182,000 tons of 1894. Steam vessels built numbered 322 of 135,000 tons compared with 283 of 75,700 tons for the previous year.

Dana's Battle Cry.

Editor of the Sun. The Platform, Will You, Mr. News, as should all Democrats, for McKinley.

The New York Sun repudiates the national Democratic platform and supports William McKinley for President. It says in an editorial: "The agony is over. The Democratic party, assembled in national convention, pledges itself to revive the free coinage of silver at the old ratio of 16 to 1, and to accomplish the imposition of a new income tax. The Democracy of Jefferson, from which have been drawn invariably the ideas which have given political stability and republican enthusiasm to this country has passed into the control of Jefferson's diametric opposite, the socialist, or communist, or as he is now known here, the Populist."

"The process which culminated yesterday at Chicago has been going on for much longer than the last 10 years, which has been manifest to all."

"Since the war, while the Democratic party was being built up again in the north, the south, where lay the Democracy's main strength, made no sign of desire for a new departure. It accepted willingly as its candidates that pure disciple of the Democratic faith, Samuel J. Tilden of New York, Winfield Scott Hancock of Pennsylvania, pretending to nothing but party orthodoxy, and Grover Cleveland, an unknown quantity, but, like Tilden, coming from the conservative ranks of the State of New York. But the seeds of radical revolution were sown in the first time, and by a singular fatality, the first man to obtain possession of the president's office in the Democratic name both weakened Democratic sentiment and fanned populism's destructive flame."

"A political freak, of alien instincts, without conception of party government, setting at naught the party platform, has destroyed the idea of party cohesion, all allegiance to tradition, headed and inspired in the mad crusade of 1892 against capital's 'iron heel' and against the rich as robbers of the poor, the greatest socialist demonstration yet recorded, made, by his financial blundering and falsifying, the national monetary standard hateful in the eyes of every waverer, and actually proposed the populist income tax now openly made a plank in the Democratic platform. Southern poverty, engendered by the war, and the common discontent, stirred up to recklessness by the agitation of the past 12 years, have at last blazed into a demand for debased coinage and a tax on wealth, and have carried the national Democratic convention."

"Its platform cannot be accepted. The United States was made Democratic and it must remain so. Free silver coinage would be national dishonor and a monumental anachronism. Silver has had its day as a money standard. The commerce of civilization, which has used as actually of exchange pretty much everything from shells to the higher metals, has progressed beyond silver. It has adapted itself to gold and to gold it will stick until it finds something still more convenient. The silver campaign is based upon delusions which have no justification and on statements which are not so. It cannot prevail and every sincere believer in fair dealing and in business honor as the foundation of commercial prosperity must aside all other purposes and unite for its defeat."

"In the different States the State candidates for the fortified and disheartened members of the Democracy follow are yet to be determined. In them, and especially in New York, where David Bennett Hill has struggled for his party against overwhelming odds, the nucleus of Democratic regeneration must be found. But from now until the night of election day, from November, 1896, the presidential candidate of every Democratic who favors honest money and who still hopes to crush the enemies of the fundamental principles he was bred in, should be without hesitation, evasion, or sop to prejudice, William McKinley."

The Castine Centennial.

The historic town of Castine was favored with fine, although hot, weather for the celebration of its 100th birthday anniversary, July 9th. The attendance was variously estimated. Five thousand is a conservative estimate, and it does not take many people to make a crowd in Castine's quiet streets. The full program was not carried out, and but for the presence of the U. S. S. Columbia, whose marines, with the Belfast Band, made the parade worth seeing, it would have been necessary to write the affair down a failure. There was less decoration than was to be expected, and some of the wealthy cottage owners were so economical that they saved the wear and tear of hunting by not holding even a solitary flag. The literary exercises in the Congregational church were interesting, but comparatively few could listen to them. They consisted of prayer by Rev. J. P. Cushman, scripture reading by Rev. Mr. Lyons, an ode to tune of "And Lang Syne," an address by Rev. William Brunton, extolling the wonderful beauties of Castine, Dr. George A. Wheeler, chairman of the committee, spoke of the epoch-making past and the part Castine had played, and introduced Noah Brooks as president of the day. He gave words of welcome, cautioned strangers not to be deluded with the idea that Castine is but 100 years old, as it has existed since 1629; praised the traits of character which distinguish the man from Maine wherever found. Mrs. Sanford S. Dole, wife of President Dole of Hawaii, a native of Castine, sent an ode, which was read by Miss Anna Witherle. It was a graceful tribute to her birthplace. George H. Witherle delivered the historical address, and John W. Dresser read an original poem. Governor Cleaves and Senator Frye of the expected guests did not come, but Senator Hale, Congressman Miliken, Boutelle and Dingley were present. The banquet and speechmaking did not take place, but the invited guests and speakers were dined at the Acadia. As what was to have been the program for the postprandial exercises is worth preserving, here it is:

The Government of the United States. It governs best because it governs least.—Senator Frye.

Penobscot Bay.—The nursery of American seamanship, known wherever the American flag has been carried.—Congressman Miliken.

The State of Maine.—Col. E. C. Farrington of the Governor's staff.

Our State Judiciary.—Nothing is law which is not reason.—Matthew Henry—Judge Andrus.

The Congress of the United States.—We may change our politics, but we never change our Congressmen.—Senator Hale.

The Land We Live In.—They love their land because it is their own, and so, to give ought other reason why.—Congressman Dingley.

Our New Navy.—The pride of every patriotic American.—Hon. C. A. Boutelle.

Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.—The Commander of the U. S. S. Cruiser Columbia.

The Ancient Seaport of Castine.—W. J. Creamer, the collector of the port.

Penobscot, Our Old Time Partner, Now Our Neighbor, and Our Friend.—H. B. Wardwell.

Ancient Falmouth, Modern Portland, So Near and Yet So Far.—Hon. James P. Baxter.

Brooksville, our mature offspring. Whose sweet fields beyond the swelling floods, stand dressed in living green; Watts—One of the Selections of Brooksville.

Castine.—And I said, "If there is peace to be found in the world, the heart that is humble might hope for it here: Moore—George M. Warren."

The sports in the harbor did not take place and the many yachtsmen who had come here in anticipation of a race were greatly disappointed. The concert in the evening was cut short by the early departure of the steamer which was to bring the Belfast Band home. The fire works in the evening came off as announced and the Columbia had her search light turned on. Both were visible from this city. The celebration closed with a ball in the evening, for which Sauborn's Orchestra furnished music. The steamer Catherine was advertised to leave Belfast at 7 o'clock a. m. for Castine via Northport Camp Ground, but when she left the wharf here she had her full complement of 400 passengers and went directly to Castine. As she had other engagements during the day she could not make a second trip. Several persons were unable to get on board and waited for the Castine, which left at 10 o'clock. This boat was also advertised for the Camp Ground, but was loaded here to her capacity of 100 passengers, and a few were left on the wharf, unable to get on board. She was obliged to skip the Camp Ground. The Castine returned about 8 and the Catherine about 9 a. m.

Many went from Belfast in sailing craft and a few in row boats. Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Pitcher, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Adams and Rev. J. F. Tilton started Wednesday afternoon in the Jennette. They towed down the harbor and at 9 p. m. were in the vicinity of the monument. They were out in the bay all night becalmed. The sloops Sasin, Capt. Dunbar, Ralph, Capt. Robinson, Eagle, Capt. R. H. Coombs, Idlewild, Walter Arey, Alice B., Flip, Walter Varum, and the Marjorie with Capt. A. Pillsbury, Geo. W. Burgess and Thos. D. Barr on board, started Thursday morning with a very light and uncertain breeze from the north, that when Turtle Head was passed changed to southwest and increased in force. Freeman Roberts went over in his schooner boat Thursday, and O. R. Webster started Wednesday night in his sloop Louise. One of S. B. Holt's rowboats went over Wednesday night. The Jennette, Marjorie and the Roberts boat arrived home early, the others came in the night or Friday morning, the latter encountering a dense fog.

Yachts and Boats.

Cutter Isis, F. S. Jones of Reading, Pa., a summer resident at Dark Harbor, Islesboro, was in port last Friday.

Sloop Lorita, J. C. Beaman of Portland owner, was in port Friday and Saturday, returning from the Castine celebration.

S. B. Holt has his new yacht Catherine in commission and she has made several trial trips, but is not yet fully tuned up. She is very quick in starts and promises well, although not yet tested in a true wind.

The schooner yacht Dorothy Q., owned by Dr. Woodman of Boston, was in port Tuesday with Messrs. Richardson and Rand of Portland and a party of friends on board. They were returning home from a cruise which extended to Bucksport.

From Borden's yard the sloop Lamont, Edward Shuman, owner, has gone in commission. The sloop will be sailed by Capt. Al. Manton, a well-known yachtsman. Since the craft has arrived at this port she has received a new house, new cabin, new toilet rooms and a general overhauling. This week she will go on an extended cruise to the eastward. [Boston Globe.]

The Lamont was built and owned by Capt. Green of Northwest Harbor, Deer Isle, who sold her last spring.

A party including several members of the Belfast Band sailed Saturday evening in the Jennette for a short cruise, and gave a few musical selections before their departure from an anchorage above the steamboat wharf. They spent the night at Duck Trap and Sunday morning went to Gilkey's Harbor and then up the east side of Islesboro, stopping a short time at Ryder's Cove, where they gave a concert on board the yacht. They arrived home Sunday evening, having had a most enjoyable trip.

The cutter Norseman, F. W. Bridge of Boston, owner, was in port last week with a party from Boothbay for Bar Harbor. While at anchor Saturday with her jib hoisted in stops a severe squall parted the stops and the sail fell. There was no one on board and as the yacht was riding with short scope she broke adrift and was heading for the rocky shore on the east side when Capt. Isaac Dunbar of the Sasin went to the rescue in his tender, boarded the yacht with some difficulty, hauled down the jib and brought her to anchor. But for his promptness and skill the Norseman could hardly have escaped serious damage.

The Penobscot Yacht Club observed ladies' day at Rockland Saturday afternoon, and last season's unfinished race was sailed off. But three of the competitors showed up. Snelgrove, owned by Scull of Palpat Harbor, won the race and cup by about 15 minutes. Emma, owned by Richardson of New York, finished second, while W. H. Gardner's Tita did not finish. There was also an exciting special race, finishing as follows: Joker beat Comet by only 25 seconds, and the latter beat Menelch by 11 seconds. The wind was squally and weather showery. The Joker is the Friendship boat that participated in the races of July 4th, when Sasin won.

The sloops Sasin, Capt. Isaac Dunbar, and Ralph, Capt. J. E. Robinson, arrived here July 8th from Vinehaven. Capt. Dunbar was accompanied by his wife and Capt. Robinson by his wife and son Ralph. They left Vinehaven together and the Sasin got there only 55 minutes ahead of the Ralph, a much smaller boat. They came up on a pleasure trip, to call on friends, and to take in the Castine celebration. Thursday was spent at Castine, and they returned to Belfast Friday morning, sailing for home Sunday morning via Castine, where Capt. Dunbar stopped to land a passenger. It was hoped there might be an opportunity for the Sasin and the Decrow yacht to test their relative speed. Both are new boats and the Sasin is much the smaller. She has proved her speed by defeating at Rockland July 4th the crack sloop Ethel, long the champion of the Vinehaven fleet. Capt. Dunbar feels very proud of this victory, and no doubt it will lead to further contests between the two yachts.

Transfers in Real Estate.

The following transfers in real estate were recorded in Waldo County Registry of Deeds for the week ending July 8, 1896: A. W. Hopkins et al., Frankfort, to Lafayette Hopkins, do; land and buildings in Frankfort, Maine, Unity, to Paul Ames, Jr., do; land in Burnham, Margaret L. Dillworth, Belfast, to James C. Durham, do; land and buildings in Belfast. Dolly L. Larabee, Stockton Springs, to Mary A. Littlefield, Troy; land and buildings in Littlefield, Troy. Albert S. White, Riverside, Cal., to A. C. Burgess et al., Belfast; land and buildings in Searsmont. Elsie M. Flanders et al., Belfast, to Isamer F. Flanders, Northport; land and buildings in Northport. Al. A. Colson, Prospect, to Chas. A. Colson, do; land and buildings in Prospect. Chas. A. Colson, to Herbert H. Colson, Prospect; land and buildings in Belfast. Lewis A. Pitcher, Northport, to Lewis A. Knowlton, Belfast; land and buildings in Northport. Morris B. Hall, Everett, Mass., to Albert Hall, Boston; land and buildings in Stockton Springs. Charles S. Brackett, Newport, to David Brackett, Brooks; land in Brooks. Edwin H. Walker, Brooks, to David Brackett; land in Jackson.

Bolting Democratic Papers.

New York Sun. New York World. New York Herald. New York Times. New York Post. New York Staats Zeitung. New York Irish American. Brooklyn Eagle. Boston Globe. Boston Herald. Philadelphia Times. Philadelphia Record. Chicago Chronicle. Chicago Post. Chicago Staats Zeitung. Louisville Courier Journal. Louisville Evening Times. Louisville Evening Post. Louisville Anzeiger. Richmond Times-Democrat. Hartford Times. Hartford Telegram. New Haven Morning News. New Haven Register. Bridgeport Evening Farmer. Buffalo Courier. Buffalo Democrat. Charleston News and Courier. Trenton True American. Trenton Evening Times. Newark Sunday Call. Easton Express. Lewiston Sun. St. Paul Globe. Manchester Union.

A stomachful of undigested food is about as unhealthy a mass as one can well imagine. What can be done with it? There it stays. It won't digest. It churns up, ferments and decays; becomes poisonous (as all putrid matter does) and causes great pain and despondent disorders. In order to change all this, take Shaker Digestive Cordial. It stops fermentation and decay at once, so that no more poisons are created. It clears the stomach of poisons already there. It helps it to turn the food that remains into healthful nourishment. It stimulates the stomach for the next meal. Here is the whole philosophy and cure of indigestion in a few words. And what's more, it's all true. Try it. Shaker Digestive Cordial is for sale by druggists, price 10 cents to \$1.00 a bottle.

PERSONAL.

Cyrus J. Hall was in town last Thursday on business.

A. K. Lewis left last Sunday for a visit in Bangor and Winn.

Walter Clifford left last Sunday for a visit in Woodstock, N. B.

Mrs. W. C. Tuttle went to Rockport last Friday for a short visit.

Miss Kate E. Pillsbury went to Boston Friday to visit friends.

Austin Clough of Lynn arrived in Belfast Sunday for a short visit.

W. W. Miller of Foxcroft was at the Windsor House July 8th.

Mrs. Samuel Clifford of Bangor visited friends in Belfast last week.

Mrs. Ezra L. Talbot and children are in Penobscot for a two weeks' visit.

R. W. Dunn, Esq., of Waterville was in town last Thursday on business.

Miss Percy T. Dyer went to Clinton last Thursday for a visit of a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Gilmore of Portland visited relatives in Belfast the past week.

Charles Cunningham arrived home from Bangor last Thursday for a visit of a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Mathews arrived home Saturday from a month's visit in Boston.

Mr. James E. Bagley of Chelsea was a guest last week of Mr. and Mrs. William Gentry.

Geo. F. Harriman, Esq., of New York arrived by steamer Penobscot Sunday morning.

Miss Grace Rivers of Cushing, Me., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Jones at the Rev. House.

Edwin Weeks of Dorchester, Mass., returned home Saturday from a visit at Benjamin Kelley's.

W. L. Scribner of Springfield and J. S. Rowe of Bangor were at the Windsor House last Thursday.

Mr. John R. Danton arrived from Lewiston last week to visit relatives in Belfast and Searsmont.

Mrs. Charles Ellis of Medford, Mass., arrived Thursday to visit her mother, Mrs. Frank P. Eames.

Mrs. Alice W. Carrow and sister Gertrude M. Carrow, went to Bangor Sunday for a visit of two weeks.

Miss Lillian L. Fernald was in Waldo several days last week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Evans.

Mrs. Eleanor Orcutt arrived home Saturday evening from Boston to spend her vacation with her parents.

Miss Ella M. Johnson arrived home Saturday from Montreal, where she had been stopping since last September.

Bert Davis started Sunday morning on his wheel for Dixfield, a distance of 80 miles, to visit his mother and sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Howard visited relatives in Belfast last week on their way home to Penobscot from Norridgewock.

William Davis and friend of Madison came to Belfast on their bicycles last week to visit the family of F. O. Roberts.

Mrs. Frank Ulmer and son Louis of Rockland are visiting at Capt. Allen Orcutt's. Mr. Ulmer spent Sunday with them.

PERSONAL.

I. V. Miller went to Boston Monday on business.

Miss Amy Boulter of Freedom visited at C. F. Ginn's the past week.

Arthur F. Brown has gone to Portland, where he has employment.

Master Clarence Hall went to Can den Monday for a short visit.

Mrs. A. D. Hayes of Portland is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gammans.

Mrs. Randall Simmons and daughter Elizabeth are visiting Mrs. S.'s daughter, Mrs. M. C. Murch.

Dr. F. E. Freeman went to Lewiston Tuesday to attend a meeting of the Maine Veterinary Association.

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Republican Journal.

BELFAST, THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1896.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY THE
Republican Journal Pub. Co.

CHARLES A. PILSBURY, EDITOR AND MANAGER.
BUSINESS MANAGER.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

GARRET A. HOBART of New Jersey

For Governor

Hon. Llewellyn Powers of Houlton.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

For electors at large:

JOHN F. HILL of Augusta.

JOEL WILBUR of Avon.

First District.....EDWIN PAYSON.

Second District.....J. M. NICKERSON.

Third District.....FRED ATWOOD.

Fourth District.....ALBERT H. SAWYER.

FOR CONGRESSMEN:

First District.....NELSON DINGLEY, JR.

Second District.....SETH L. MILLIKEN.

Third District.....CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

Fourth District.....CHARLES A. BOUTELLE.

Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Waldo County are requested to send delegates to meet in convention at the Court House in Belfast, on

Tuesday, Aug. 4, 1896, at 10.30 A. M.,

for the purpose of nominating candidates to be supported at the election in September next, for the following offices, viz: Senator, Sheriff, Judge of Probate, Register of Probate, County Attorney, County Treasurer and County Commissioner. Also to choose a county committee and transact any other business which may properly come before the convention.

Each city and town will be entitled to one delegate, and one additional delegate for every forty votes or for a fraction of twenty-five thereof, cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1894. Upon this basis the following allotment has been made:

Belfast.....16	Northville.....3
Belmont.....1	Northport.....2
Brooks.....4	Palermo.....4
Burnham.....4	Prospect.....4
Frankfort.....2	Seashore.....2
Frederick.....2	Seaside.....2
Isleboro.....2	Stockton Springs.....2
Jackson.....2	Swanville.....2
Knox.....2	Thomville.....2
Liberty.....2	Troy.....2
Lincolnton.....2	Unionville.....2
Monroe.....2	Waldo.....2
Northville.....2	Winterport.....2

The county committee will be in session at the Court House at 10 o'clock on the day of the convention to receive the credentials, and delegates are requested to promptly present the same.

Per order of the Committee.

A. L. BROWN, Chairman.

The Democratic platform may be summed up in three words—anarchy and repudiation.

Before the Chicago convention the cry was, free silver or bust. Now it is free silver and bust.

The State Journal of Lincoln, Nebraska, says: "The election of Mr. Bryan means repudiation, distrust, discontent and ruin. The electoral vote of Nebraska will be cast for William McKinley."

Major McKinley's war record will commend him everywhere to those who wore the blue during the war of the rebellion. He was commissioned by President Abraham Lincoln for distinguished services on the battlefield, after he served for 14 months as a private in the ranks. That is his record in brief, and details only magnify it.

An exchange publishes an article telling "how Lamar Fontaine came to write his favorite poem," "All Quiet Along the Potomac to-night." A controversy arose soon after the war as to the authorship of this poem, and it was said to have established the fact that Mrs. Ethel Beers of New York wrote the poem, which first appeared in one of the Harper's publications.

Senator Chandler of New Hampshire declares that the campaign instead of being an issue as between McKinley and "sound money" and Bryan and free coinage will be an issue, "Between all the conservative people of the country without distinction of party, and all the cranks, Anarchists, Socialists and destructives—native and foreign—who have been working toward this chance for taking possession of the Government."

A Missouri exchange says that apples may be kept two years by wrapping them in newspapers in such a manner as to exclude air. The newspaper must, however, be one on which the subscription has been paid in full, or the dampness resulting from the dew will cause the fruit to spoil. [National Advertiser.]

As the apple season is near at hand this will interest quite a number of our subscribers. As "delays are dangerous" we shall expect the due to be promptly removed.

Hon. J. W. Bradbury of Augusta, the oldest living ex-United States Senator, said to a press reporter July 10th, when interviewed regarding the nomination of the national Democratic ticket: "I am, and have always been, a Democrat from principle, and I have uniformly, for 73 years, voted the Democratic ticket. Of course I regret to see that in its vital issue it is so decidedly in conflict with the principles and practice of the Democratic party that I cannot vote for it."

The July number of The Forum contains an article by Hon. W. E. Russell on "Jefferson and His Party to-day." It was of course written some time before the Chicago convention. Jefferson would not recognize his party to-day. For example, in his first inaugural address he called for "the honest payment of our debts and the sacred preservation of the public faith." And of this and other declarations Mr. Russell says: "To Jefferson and his party these principles were not idle abstractions and empty platitudes, but were a political policy to be aggressively enforced in the laws of State and Nation." "I have spoken of Jefferson as if he were with us," continues Mr. Russell. "If he were, like thousands of other good Democrats, he would repudiate the Chicago convention and all its works and cast his vote for McKinley, honest money and protection to American industry."

The widespread Democratic repudiation of the doings of the Jacobin Convention in Chicago recalls the outburst of Union sentiment when secession raised its threat a generation ago.

In all sections of the country Democratic newspapers, leaders and voters are swelling a chorus of protest against the popular platform and ticket and voicing a patriotic determination to put down both at the polls. Thousands of old time Democrats do not hesitate to proclaim their intention to vote for McKinley, while others seem disposed to favor the nomination of a third ticket. The one sentiment of all evidently is that the country is menaced by a danger which must be met and averted; the difference of opinion is only as to how this may be done most surely and effectively. [New York Herald.]

The reference to secession suggests the point that, with the exception of the loss of precious lives, the triumph of the populists, anarchists and communists, who stand behind the Chicago ticket and platform, would be more disastrous to this country than the war of the rebellion. It would destroy the national credit, degrade the country in the eyes of the civilized world, and paralyze every honest trade and industry. None of these consequences attended the civil war, and the country quickly recuperated even under the heavy war debt incurred. There would be no such recuperative power left in the event of the calamity now threatened. Capital would flee, labor be degraded, and lawlessness and anarchy prevail.

We print on the 3d page three articles on the silver question. The Atchison, Kansas, Daily Globe is an independent paper with Democratic leanings, but although published in the West, where the free silver craze originated and is most prevalent, it stands for honesty, progress, patriotism and common sense. The New York Herald, in many respects the leading newspaper of this country, and staunchly Democratic, depicts the evils which would result from the triumph of the silver fanatics in strong colors. It is with pleasure that we quote the utterances of the Lewiston Sun, an able Democratic daily, in behalf of sound money. The editor of the Sun evidently places patriotism above party; and certainly it is a time when patriotism is called for to save the Nation from disaster and degradation. In its issue of July 10th the Sun declines to support the Chicago platform or candidate. It says:

Believing that the future prosperity of the people would be endangered by such a course; and that the silver platform, if approved by the country, would add only riches to the wealthy mine owners and those who hold gold in their possession, for gold would certainly advance to a premium; and as the Democrats of Maine have placed themselves on record at a recent convention for gold, the Sun cannot consistently support the platform and the nominees of the silver convention.

When some blatant orator dines your ears with an harangue on what he is pleased to term "the crime of '73"—meaning the change made in the coinage laws of that year—you can shut him up in short order, and expose the false statements in the Chicago platform by a few facts. Silver dollars were not then coined at a ratio of 16 to 1, or any ratio, and had not been coined or circulated for many years. The only silver that had been coined for a long term was "subsidiary coinage," halves, quarters, dimes, and half dimes. Outside of this subsidiary coinage there was in 1873 of silver in circulation barely 5 cents per capita. Since that time the amount of legal silver tender in circulation, either as coin or as represented by silver certificates, has been increased to 85 per capita, and every dollar in circulation is accepted everywhere in this country at the full face value. The silverites say that the "crime of 1873" diminished the money in circulation, and so diminished prices. In 1890 the money in circulation in this country was \$442,102,477; \$14.06 per capita of the population. In 1872 it was \$788,309,549, or \$18.70 per head of population. July 1, 1896, it was \$1,521,584,289, or \$21.35 to every man, woman and child in the country. In the last thirty-six years the amount per capita of the population has increased more than fifty per cent. The increase per capita since 1872 is 11.4 per cent., while the gross increase is \$783,294,734 or 106 per cent. increase. These are facts. It is the Democratic tariff which has cut down the farmer's prices. Let him vote the Republican ticket and strike at the root of his troubles.

The tendency of the Democratic party to go from bad to worse has long been manifest, but at Chicago it took the final plunge. Men who have retained their party allegiance despite much stress and strain—"Democrats by birth" or bound by tradition or sentiment—are now rallying by thousands under the Republican standard, moved by patriotic impulse. Practically all the leading and influential Democratic newspapers of the country have repudiated the Chicago platform and candidates, and many of them have come out squarely for McKinley. It is a political revolution which has no parallel in the history of this country. It is an up-rising of patriotism against fanaticism, ignorance and lawlessness. The Chicago platform means repudiation, a fifty cent dollar, mob law, and freedom for anarchists to murder, burn and pillage.

The Democratic candidate for the Presidency served two terms in Congress without developing any public capacity whatever, and was then defeated for re-election. He was one of the committee that framed the Wilson bill, and is as rank a free trader as a free silverite. He is radical on all questions, unstable, with oratory as his only gift—his words often "full of sound and fury, signifying nothing." In Washington he is considered one of the weakest candidates that could have been selected. He was not taken into the councils of the Democratic leaders, and the fact is that during the last year of his term in Congress he was looked on with considerable distrust by the older Democratic leaders. They considered him too much in sympathy with Populism to be accepted as a Democrat of the best standard.

The choice of Arthur Sewall of Bath as a Vice Presidential candidate by such a convention has created general surprise.

He is the very antipode of Populism, and so strong a protectionist that his loyalty to the Democratic party has been repeatedly questioned. But the greater wonder, among those who know Mr. Sewall, is that he should be found in such company. He has had no experience of public life, his name is unknown to the nation, and the Boston Herald sums up the matter by saying that "from a political point of view the nomination is conspicuously weak."

When the Knights Templar met in Boston there was a sharp advance in the prices of lemons. The arrival in London of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts has sent up the price of champagne.

Obituary.

Miss Bertha L. Hammons died at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Luther W. Hammons, on Main street, last Sunday morning, at the early age of 17 years, 5 months and 14 days. She was born in Oregon, but her parents moved when she was quite young to Islesboro, where she attended the public schools, and was a bright, intelligent pupil. Shortly after they came to Belfast, and her health began to fail and finally she was obliged to leave school while a pupil in the Upper Grammar. She was possessed of an unusually even disposition, and was beloved by her classmates and associates for her many kind deeds, which it seemed a pleasure to her to perform. As a member of the Good Templar order she was an active worker while strength and health remained. She was a firm believer in the Christian religion and carried its precepts into practice in her daily life. A friend of the family sends the following verses as appropriate to her case:

Death has entered and borne away
A loved one from our side,
Just in the morning of her day,
So fair, so young, she died.

We never more shall see her face
Nor hear her voice again;
None to us can fill her place
Nor be as she has been.

And her young friends all around
We miss her coming feet,
And in the old accustomed place
There is a vacant seat.

Her memory will be dear to us
As long as life shall last,
And as we dwell on happy hours
In days that have gone past.

But we must dry our eyes and cease to weep,
And look where God doth reign,
For on that bright and shining shore
Our loved one will meet again.

The parents, two sisters and five brothers remain to mourn the loss of a dearly beloved daughter and sister. The children are Misses Grace M. and Lillian A., and Masters Luther A., Roscoe L., Charlie F., Selden V. and Earl F. Hammons. The funeral was held Tuesday forenoon and was largely attended, especially by the young people. A very touching service was performed by Rev. George S. Mills, and sweet music was furnished by a choir composed of C. E. White, Fred S. Hutchins, Mrs. E. P. Frost and Miss Bertha Hammons. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful, and included a basket of flowers from Belfast Lodge of Good Templars; pillow of cut flowers, Mrs. H. C. Pitcher; bouquet of pink and white roses, Mrs. Wayland Knowlton; crescent and cut flowers, Miss Leila Hubbard; wreath of pansies and bouquet of white dahlias, Miss Ida Walton; cut flowers and bouquet, LeForest L. Robbins; bouquet of roses and cut flowers, Mrs. L. L. Robbins; bouquet of pinks and roses, Mr. and Mrs. John F. Chapman; wreath and bouquet, Miss Clara Pettie; bouquet of roses, Misses Margaret and Elizabeth Harrison; seventeen pinks from a Good Templar; bouquets of roses, Mrs. Geo. E. Brackett, Miss Blanche Sullivan, Mr. W. E. Hamilton, Mrs. Clara Nickerson, Miss A. A. Hicks, Mrs. Murell, Mrs. J. G. Damon, Mrs. A. D. Smalley; cut flowers, Miss Emma Blake, Mrs. Lida Brown, Miss Augusta Wells; wreaths, Miss Bertha I. Bird, Mrs. Peirce; pond lilies, Mrs. Seekins; bouquet, Mrs. William Piper.

James W. Patterson, a well known citizen of Bucksport, died at his home in that town July 10th of heart failure after an illness of but a few days. He had been closely identified with the history of Bucksport for the past fifty years and will be much missed in the community. The deceased was the son of James Patterson and was born at the old Patterson homestead on the shore road in Bucksport in 1826 and was 70 years and seven months of age. Of the family he is survived by his brothers, Robert of Eastport and Richard of Vallejo, California, and sisters, Mrs. Amanda Farnham and Mrs. Sarah Ames of Bucksport and Miss Julia in California. He married Mary Stephens of Bucksport, and the two sons, Joseph B. of Boston and George E. of Bucksport, are left to mourn the loss of a much beloved father who survived the mother nine years. For nearly fifty years Mr. Patterson had been connected with the various steamboat lines on the river as agent before and during the establishing of the Sanford lines and at his death was agent for the Bangor and Boston S. S. Co. at Bucksport, the oldest agent in their employ and probably in New England. In the earlier part of life he was in trade in various locations on Main street and for several years prior to 1890 was proprietor of the Robinson House, his successor being the present landlord, J. F. Moses. During the most of his life he was a deputy sheriff and served two terms as high sheriff of Hancock county, being succeeded and appointed deputy by the present incumbent, Sheriff Fennelley. He was chief of police for years and served the town for some time as tax collector. He was much interested in secret society work; was made a Mason in Fidelity lodge, F. & A. M., in 1850, and has since passed up to the 32d degree, being the highest of any Mason in town and belonged to Hancock R. A. Chapter, St. John's Commandery, Eastern Star Lodge of Perfection, Palestine Council Princes of Jerusalem, Bangor Chapter Rose Croix and the Maine Consistory. He was the last survivor of the old lodge, I. O. O. F., and was a member of Fort Knox and River-view Rebekah lodges, I. O. O. F., and Knowlton Lodge, N. E. O. P. The funeral was held at 1 p. m. Sunday and was in full charge of the local Masonic bodies. The interment was in Silver Lake cemetery.

Mrs. Roxanna Card died in Brooks July 10th, aged 70 years, 3 months and 15 days. She was born in Belfast in 1825, and was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Doane Patterson, Sr. In 1842 she married Geo. E. Card. Four children were born to them, two of whom are living. She had always lived in Belfast until three years ago, when she moved to Brooks, where her daughter, Mrs. E. G. Roberts, resides, and who cared for her through her last sickness. She was a member of the Methodist church, and for over 50 years had been an earnest Christian, but for the past few years has been unable to attend any place of worship.

Letters have been received here announcing the death, at Syracuse, N. Y., on July 12th, of Raymond F., son of John F. and Mary French Rich, at the age of six months.

NORTHPORT NEWS.

NORTHPORT CAMP GROUND.

Most of the society cottages are open for the season.

Mrs. Patten of Bangor is at her cottage on Merithew square.

The Journal is for sale at the Northport Hotel at 4 cents per copy.

W. D. Knowlton and lady of Camden were at the Hotel last Thursday.

Mrs. Hiram Ruggles of Bangor has opened her cottage on Merithew square.

Mrs. M. Burling of Bangor has opened her cottage on Merithew square.

Mrs. H. M. Whitney and family of Boston are at the hotel for the summer.

Mrs. John F. Rogers and child of Belfast are at their cottage on Broadway.

Frank B. Knowlton and family open their cottage on Bay Terrace this week.

Mrs. Dr. King and daughter of Bangor are at the Glidden cottage on Bay street.

Mr. W. Lincoln, daughter and grandchildren are at "The Aiden," on Park Row.

Mrs. A. G. Spencer of Belfast spent Sunday with Mrs. J. W. Emery on Maple street.

J. S. Hayes, Esq., and wife of Boston and Miss Bartlett are at the Goodspeed cottage.

J. H. Hayes and wife of Old Town have arrived at the Northport Hotel for the season.

Mrs. Clara Wales, her mother and daughter of Hampden are at a cottage on Bay street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Blithen of Dexter returned home July 12th, after a stay of six weeks.

The Parkhurst family of Bangor are at their cottage, corner of Main and George streets.

F. S. Walls and wife of Vinahaven were among the guests of the Northport Hotel last week.

Mrs. Goodspeed and son of Wilton arrived Monday and are stopping at Brown's on Bay street.

Mrs. Wadleigh and daughter of Old Town are in the Barker cottage on Bay View Park.

Capt. Peirce, Capt. Veazie and Wm. Sweet of Bangor were at Brown's Monday with their wives.

Mrs. Bean of Old Town arrived Tuesday and is to occupy the Boothby cottage on Maple street.

The Rice family of Waltham, Mass., are occupying one of the Mansfield cottages on South Shore.

The Northport Hotel is now connected with the New England Telephone and Telegraph system.

C. B. Abbott and G. W. Abbott of Dexter were at the Northport Hotel with their wives last Sunday.

L. E. Brown and wife of Somerville, Mass., arrived Monday to spend the week at D. C. cottage.

Charles and Frank Day, Charles and Emory Bean and S. Gray of Rockland spent Sunday at Brown's.

Mrs. Crichton and children of Waterville, Mass., are at Clear View cottage on Sea View terrace.

N. E. Bragg and wife and R. E. Bragg of Bangor arrived at the Northport Hotel last week for the season.

Mrs. W. C. Tuttle will open the photographic rooms opposite Chapman & Thompson's store this week.

Chamberlain's buckboard now makes Sunday trips, leaving Belfast at 10 a. m. and Northport at 5 p. m.

John N. Stewart has opened the Pioneer cottage at Temple Heights for the season for boarders and lodgers.

Mrs. Candage and daughter of Brookline, Mass., are at their cottage, and taking their meals at Northport Hotel.

Mrs. Snow and daughter, Mrs. Adams of Bucksport, have opened their cottage on Merithew square for the season.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lull of Great Works are at their cottage, corner of Main and George streets, for a few days.

Mrs. J. Y. Cottrell and daughter, Miss Enna A. Cottrell, are occupying one of the Mansfield cottages on South Shore.

Maj. Clarence Hodgkins, organizer of the Knights of the Ancient Essene Order of Rockland, was at the Camp Ground Monday.

C. W. Miles, wife, daughter, and four grandchildren arrived last Thursday from New Jersey at their cottage on Maple street.

Rev. Wm. J. Wilson preached at the auditorium last Sunday before a large congregation. Excellent music was furnished.

Steamer Governor Bodwell brought a large excursion from Rockland last Sunday. A few landed here and the others went to Belfast.

John A. York of New York City has leased the Shaw cottage on South Shore for the season, and his brother Frank A. York has taken the Leary cottage adjoining.

The Grace M. E. church and Sunday school of Bangor made an excursion July 8th, to the number of about 200. The steamer kept on to Camden, but most of her passengers remained here until her return.

The 49th anniversary of the marriage of Rev. William J. Wilson and wife occurred July 10th, and they were kindly remembered by their many friends. They received tokens of friendship and floral offerings from several sources.

Mr. Charles W. Miles has begun extensive improvements to his cottage on Maple street. He is to build a bay window on the west side of the cottage and extend it up three stories, forming a cupola from which a fine view of the bay can be obtained.

F. O. Smith, family and guests of Belfast, had a very enjoyable outing at the Shaw cottage on South Shore last Thursday. The fishermen disappointed them in live lobsters.

BABIES WITH SKINS ON FIRE

from itching and burning eczema and other skin and scalp troubles. None but parents realize how these little ones suffer. To know that a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure, will in the majority of cases afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure, and not to use them without a moment's delay is to fail in our duty.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, Soap, 25c; Resolvent, 5c and 10c. Postage Extra.

Send for the world's best. Price, CUTICURA, Soap, 25c; Resolvent, 5c and 10c. Postage Extra.

How to Cure Skin Troubles Babies, mailed free.

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War Sketches

By Those Who Took Part in the War of the Rebellion.

The 19th Maine Infantry in the Gettysburg Battle.

The 19th Maine Infantry belonged to the 1st Brigade, 2nd Division, 2nd Corps, and at that time was commanded by Colonel Heath. On the 1st day of July, 1863, we marched thirty miles in a scorching sun, camping for the night within about two miles of the battlefield. On the morning of the 2nd we all fell in after partaking of a short ration of hardbread and pork and marched slowly and solemnly to our future battlefield. We soon reached the front and lay for awhile in support of Gen. Howard, who was holding a position on Cemetery Ridge at the vortex of the angle. Here we ate our dinner. I remember how suddenly my appetite left me while dining on hardbread. Our fried pork from a greasy tin plate. Our brigade lay en masse with the 15th Massachusetts in our front. I had taken but a few morsels of this palatable food when a shot or shell came bounding along through the 15th Massachusetts, killing and wounding many not more than a rod from where I lay. I did not want any more pork that meal. I never shall forget the scene, which beggars description, of the retreat of the 3rd Corps. One division, Humphrey's, passed over our regiment as we lay flat on our faces. First came the wounded and stragglers, then the division en masse. Some of their men were completely whipped, while others were unconquered. As they passed over us some of them would say "Run, boys, we are whipped; the day is lost." Others cried out with tears in their eyes for joy in finding our line there in position. "Hang to it, boys, give it to them; we will turn in your rear." And they did. Another moment and they had passed over us. Then was heard above the din of battle the command of our colonel to give it to them. We sprang to our feet and sent a sudden volley into the teeth of the advancing enemy but a few rods distant, who must have thought that God had suddenly raised from the ground an army to oppose them. We poured volley after volley at them, loading and firing as rapidly as possible. Yet on they came, slowly and sullenly, but onward. Oh, my God! I thought, would they never stop! Their fire was making fearful havoc in our ranks. Were our bullets punishing them as severely? We could not tell. Our left flank became badly exposed. To remain longer in that position meant destruction. To attempt a change of line by throwing the left to the rear was a most desperate expedient. None but the bravest troops could perform that movement at such a time. For when one's back is turned the bravest becomes a coward and the legions, to an astonishing degree, a desire to perform good service. But each man of the regiment knew that if we gave way there would be nothing to oppose the further advance of the enemy. Then it was that our colonel had the sagacity to command, and his troops the courage to execute, the most difficult and dangerous movement in the midst of the terrible conflict. It was done, and we now had the advantage of position, and though a whole division of warriors opposed us we were as immovable as the hill we stood upon. Their snail-like advance was at last checked, and as the smoke of battle lifted for an instant a moment later—it seemed but a moment—it showed us their ranks in confusion. Oh, the inexpressible delight and joy and thankfulness to God that sight gave us. That instant Colonel Heath jumped to the front with one short command, "Come on, boys," and off we started like a tornado left loose, down the hill, across the field at the heels of the enemy, yelling all the time at the top of our voices, until we had nearly reached the Peach Orchard and had captured many hundred prisoners, one stand of colors, and retaken with our own hands two pieces of artillery which the rebels had taken from the 3rd Corps but a few hours before. This closed that glorious day, saved by the valor of the old 2nd Corps. And this reminds me of a remark made to me after the war by that great man and soldier whom we all admire, the hero of Round Top. When I first heard his lecture upon the 20th Maine at Gettysburg, with some feeling I said to him, "I see, General, you claim that the 20th Maine saved the day at Gettysburg." "Certainly," he replied, "Hitherto," I said, "I thought it was the 19th Maine that saved the day." "And you thought rightly," he quickly responded, "Don't you know that every picket that sticks to the fence may claim the credit of keeping the pigs out of the garden." That was a very simple and sensible explanation which I could understand, and now I know that the members of any other regiment whose operations I did not witness and, therefore, cannot describe will not take offence at anything I may say in praise of my own regiment. That night, July 2nd, we camped on the field. Though we were victorious I felt sad at the loss of so many brave comrades. We dreaded another day. Some of us wandered back to the field hospital in search of fallen comrades. I remember, as but yesterday, of finding my tent mate and relative mortally wounded and dying. We left the old town of Prospect in company, slept together, marched together, fought together. Now to bury him alone made my heart feel sad; but we marked his resting place with his name, company and regiment, and his remains are now in the national cemetery at Gettysburg. Let me recall one more such scene: As I wandered back to the regiment in company with Capt. Fogler, in a dark and lone place we heard a groan, and by the dim light of a match Capt. Fogler found one of his brother officers, mortally wounded and dying all alone. Capt. Fogler knelt by his side to catch the last words he would speak. It might be for his wife and children at home, I know not which, but the circumstance will remain in my memory as long as I live. Capt. F. covered him with his blanket, leaving him to die alone. As we lay on the field trying to catch a little sleep I would keep thinking of home and wishing I was there.

As I lay on the ground wrapped in my blanket I thought to myself that perhaps those same stars that were looking down upon me were shining as brightly over my own home down in Maine, and the home of her I left behind me; for to be frank, I had left such a one who was as often in mind as my own mother. And I thought it may be that she at this moment looking at the same stars whose peculiar brightness is but the reflection of the luster of her eyes. And when a moment later I saw what I thought was a roguish twinkle in one of them I was satisfied that I was right and was happy and went to sleep. The next day, July 3d, I was early on my legs and what I saw and heard on that day remains as it painted before my eyes. No engagement took place on our part of the line, which was the left centre, during the whole forenoon. Four companies of our regiment, under command of Capt. Fogler, were deployed as brigade skirmishers in front of our division. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the enemy opened upon our line a most terrible fire from a large number of guns, estimated at 100, and continued it for one hour and forty minutes. Our guns, to the number of nearly 100, soon replied. None of us, not even the oldest soldiers, had ever seen or heard anything like it before. We knew the rebel Gen. Lee, one of the greatest of soldiers, meant to win. He recognized, as did our commander, that this was to be one of the most decisive battles of the war. But neither he nor any one, thought of the suffering it would cause. We lay flat on our faces between these two lines of artillery, with two hundred guns firing, and two hundred shells exploding over our heads every minute. We had nothing but to lay there and reflect upon the contingencies of being sent into eternity in the next minute. Is it to be wondered at that every minute of those two hours seemed an age? I thought then that it men who are clamorous for war could exchange places with me for five minutes their conversion would be complete. It was a positive relief when the infantry of the enemy advanced upon us with fifteen thousand picked men, the flower of the rebel army. Gen. Hancock said of this assault: "It fell upon the 2d and 3d brigades of the 2d Corps, and those were the troops, assisted by a small brigade of Vermont troops, that really met the assault. No doubt there were other troops that fired a little, but those were the troops, six small brigades, that withstood the shock of the assault and repulsed it after a terrible contest at very close quarters, in which our troops took about 30 or 40 stands of colors and some 4,000 prisoners with great loss to the enemy in killed and wounded. I only know what I saw myself. When the rebel infantry came within range we up and at them. Though I could see men falling thick and fast around me I knew our guns were making worse havoc in their ranks. But still they moved on, determined to conquer—brave men every one of them. On, on they came, crossing our works a few rods to right of us. Our line rolled back to the point where we lay much like the end of a piece of birch bark when one end is placed in the fire. Then such a scene as followed! We were all loading, and firing, and yelling, and pushing towards the gap now filled with exultant rebels. Company, regimental and brigade organization were lost, and we were a great crowd. We could load, run to the front and fire, then others would jump in front of us and fire, and the color bearers, always at the front, would toss their colors up and down to show the enemy that we were not going to give in and to encourage us on. I got a cartridge in wrong end first and the only man of my regiment I could see fired off his rammer. He and I kept together. The ground was covered with arms of every description and we had no difficulty in supplying ourselves. And so we kept on, and on, and the day was ours. Many of the rebels fled, but thousands, I had no idea at the time how many, were captured. That ended the battle. Then I was hungry. I had eaten nothing since morning, and that was the last in my haversack and I made but half a meal. The rebel dead were thickly strewn in our midst. Their haversacks were full. One poor fellow by my side was breathing in faint utterances his last prayer to God to care for his wife and children; noble to the last, forgetting self and thinking only of loved ones. I waited a few minutes until he was dead, and then I removed his haversack and canteen and feasted upon some fresh biscuit and honey that I found there. It was not until late that the survivors in our regiment had collected so that our returns could be made out and our losses ascertained. Then we found that of the 440 officers and men who went into battle 12 officers and 220 men were among the killed and wounded. That night and part of the next day the rain fell in torrents and we hadn't even one shelter tent to protect us. The next day, July 5th, squads were detailed to bury the dead. And what disgusting and yet what heart-rending sights they were. Piled several deep in places and thickly scattered over the whole ground. One needs to be buried to forget such dreadful sights.

A. STINSON.

Army Recollections.

Gen. McClellan reproved Gen. Gorman, our brigade commander, for allowing his men to forage upon the inhabitants of Loudon Valley. Gen. Gorman, a gruff, waggish officer, while smarting from the rebuke of the army commander and in a state of nervous impatience, rode up to Col. Baxter, of the Pennsylvania Zouaves, when the following colloquy occurred: "Colonel Baxter, did you ever see a regiment who could forage like the 19th Maine?" "No, General, I never did." "Then, Colonel, as your superior officer, I command you to get down on your knees and thank God."

No subject was so solemn that the soldiers would not have their jokes about it. There was cheering in the camp of the 19th one morning which attracted the attention of adjoining camps. "What is it for?" asked

WOMAN'S INFLUENCE.

The influence of women upon the civilization of the world, could never be measured.

Because of her, thrones have been established and destroyed. The flash of her eye, the touch of her hand, and we have the marvellous power of women, glorious in the possession of perfect physical health.

Lydia E. Pinkham, by her wonderful discovery of the "Vegetable Compound," has done much to place this great power in the hands of women.

She has lifted thousands and thousands out of the misery brought by displacement of the womb, and all the evils that follow diseases of the uterus.

The "Vegetable Compound" restores natural cheerfulness, destroys despondency, cures backache, strengthens the muscles, restores the womb to its normal condition, and you are changed from a physical wreck to the joy of your home and friends.

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ed a Baxter Zouave. "Oh, the 19th Maine is going to have a railroad built over their graveyard, and it tickles them," replied a comrade.

It was in the 1st California Regiment, encamped near the 19th Maine, that a burial squad finding at the appointed place a ready-made grave prepared by another party, lazily buried their departed comrade in it with the usual military ceremony. Soon the other funeral appeared on the scene and found that some one had been there and stolen their grave, which in the hard clay had cost no little labor to prepare. The 19th, with all its propensity to forage, was abashed at such rare stealing as this.

A. STINSON.

Literary News and Notes.

The "Students' Standard Dictionary" now in preparation by Funk & Wagnalls Company will contain upward of 50,000 words and from 800 to 900 pages. The volume, which will be issued under the supervision of Prof. F. A. March, has been edited by the Rev. James C. Fenwick, editor of the department of Synonyms, Antonyms, and Prepositions of the Funk & Wagnalls Standard Dictionary, assisted by a staff of skilled workers formerly engaged on the same undertaking.

Harper's Weekly for July 11th is largely devoted to the Democratic Convention city, and contains four pages of characteristic views and buildings, including a full-page picture of the Convention Hall. A notable feature of the number is the attention given to the meeting of the National Educational Association at Buffalo, including the text of Prof. Brander Matthews' paper on American literature, an article by Prof. Nicholas Murray Butler, and a page of portraits of leading members and speakers.

"Casco Bay" was the subject of an article in the New England Magazine two months ago. In the July number there appears a similar article upon "Penobscot Bay," by Professor Edwin A. Start of Tufts college, in which the history and beauties of that storied and most attractive region are set forth with much learning and fine appreciation. The shores of Penobscot Bay have been the scenes of many important events from the earliest colonial times, and Mr. Start has gathered all his material together into a most interesting chapter. His article is charmingly illustrated by views of old Castine, Camden, Bangor and other places, and the lands, and it will be read by hundreds of people who are in the habit of visiting these popular shores each summer. Warren F. Kellogg, 5 Park Square, Boston, Mass.

Lieutenant-Commander J. D. Jerrold Kelley, U. S. N., contributes to Harper's Weekly Table published July 7th an article entitled "Queer Pets of Sailor Jack." Lieutenant Kelley has been in many nooks and corners of the world with Uncle Sam's sailors, and tells of his observations of Jack and his pets in a delightfully interesting way. To the same number Mrs. General Lew Wallace contributes another paper on "Tower of Many Stories" entitled "The Earl of Essex and his King," and Mrs. M. E. M. Davis contributes a story entitled "An Outlaw." There is an installment of Mollie Elliot Seawell's serial story entitled "A Virginia Cavalier," the last installment of Kirk Munroe's serial story, "Rick Dale," two short stories, and a humorous description of a boy's Fourth of July by Hayden Cuthrell.

Table Talk for July is full of useful and helpful suggestions for the home. Its seasonable recipes and menus are of great value to the housekeeper, while many topics of interest to the home-maker are touched upon. Outside of the regular departments are articles on "Household Remedies," by Dr. M. L. Holbrook; "A Spring Blossom Tea," by Mrs. M. C. Myer; also "The Modern Christening;" "The China Closets of the Czarina;" "Summer Days at the Exchange;" describes the latest and daintiest conceits in fancy work and embroidery; and "The Whirling of Fashion's Wheel," by Tillie May Forney, as the title implies, tells of what to wear and how to put it on. The publishers offer a sample copy to any of our readers who send their address to Table Talk Pub. Co., Philadelphia.

The recent scandals in connection with the commissions for new public monuments all over the country engaged the attention of the editor of "The Art Amateur" in the "Note Book" of the July issue—the piece de resistance of which is, perhaps, Bruce Crane's charming color study of Apple Blossoms, and his most valuable practical hints on painting. It is Dr. America's chief decorative artist, John La Farge, is the subject of a very interesting illustrated paper. Tapestry painting is dealt with at some length, and there is in this number, under the modest title of Hints for Beginners, what is practically a little hand-book on oil painting; articles on figure painting and drawing from the living model are contributed by M. B. O. Fowler, the latter being illustrated by an extra supplement. In the china painting section, Miss Brady

gives some novel suggestions for decoration, derived from the designs in the kitchen garden, and the designs in the supplement are fresh and artistic as usual. The second paper in the illustrated series of Noted American China Painters deals with some half dozen well-known names and faces, and an article on glass painting will be found thoroughly up-to-date and rich in suggestion. Manufacturers and designers will find instructive reading about designs in printed silks, and lovers of bric-a-brac, bronzes, and curios generally, will be interested in articles on Snuff, and other Boxes (illustrated), and the Graingerizing of books. The wood-carving series by Karl von Rydingsvard contains working drawings and instructions for an afternoon Tea-tray in Gothic style, and the supplements, other than those referred to, are patriotic and appropriate to the glorious Fourth—a Lithograph by C. Volkmar of Washington's Headquarters, Newburg, N. Y., 1782, and a Decorative Plaque drawn by Joseph Lauber on the stone, giving portraits of Washington, Lafayette and Steuben. Some remarkable needlework designs, copied from ancient embroidery, in the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, designs for pyrography, lamp shades and other decorations are also given. The minor illustrations scattered up and down the text are full of useful suggestions to designers and art workers in all departments; and in every detail this number worthily maintains the reputation the magazine has earned during its long and successful career of being the most magazine of practical art. (New York, Montague Mks., 23 Union Square, 35c. monthly, \$4.00 per annum.)

Register of Deep Water Vessels.

SHIP.

Almer Colburn, J. P. Butnam, sailed from New York Feb 12 for Yokohama.
A. G. Ropes, David Rikers, cleared from New York March 28 for San Francisco; spoken May 18, at New York.
W. J. Fuller, T. P. Colcord, sailed from Hilo April 2 for Delaware Breakwater; passed Aug 4.
Belle of Bath, C. Curtis, at Singapore May 29 for Hong Kong.
Centennial, B. F. Colcord, sailed from Montevideo May 29 from New York for San Francisco.
Dane, J. Barnes, O. C. Arpe, cleared from New York June 27 for Zanzibar.
El Capitán, A. L. Carver, sailed from New York March 27 for Shanghai.
Emily, W. Whitney, A. S. Isidore, sailed from New York June 20 for Shanghai.
Gov. Robin, Nichols, at Hong Kong May 30 for New York.
Grand Admiral, Powell, arrived at Melbourne June 7 from New York.
Henry B. Hyde, Rhineas Pendleton, sailed from New York June 27 for San Francisco.
Josephus, P. G. Gilkey, arrived at Shanghai June 2 from New York.
Mary L. Cushing, J. N. Pendleton, sailed from Manila March 31 for Delaware Breakwater; passed St. Helena to June 24.
May Hunt, E. D. P. Nichols, at New York for San Francisco.
Puritan, A. N. Blanchard, sailed from Philadelphia April 2 for Higo.
Reaper, O. C. Young, sailed from New York July 12 for San Francisco.
R. L. Thomas, G. G. Nichols, sailed from New York June 22 for Hong Kong.
Sachem, H. T. Lancaster, arrived at Samarang March 31 from New York via Auger.
S. D. Carleton, A. Aubrey, sailed from New York April 23 for Shanghai; spoken May 29, at 10, 18, 34 W.
St. Nicholas, C. F. Carver, arrived at Philadelphia June 1 from New York.
State of Maine, J. H. Park, sailed from Higo Feb 28 for New York; passed St. Helena to June 24.
Tillie E. Starbuck, Eben Curtis, arrived at Honolulu June 22 from New York.
Win H. Macy, A. Aubrey, sailed from Higo March 29 for New York.
Win H. Conner, Frank I. Pendleton, arrived at Shanghai June 2 from New York.
W. J. Rutch, Sewall C. Lancaster, arrived at Vladivostok, Siberia, May 5 from San Francisco.

BARKS.

Adam W. Spry, C. N. Meyers, sailed from New York April 13 for Auger.
Alice Reed, Allison Ford, cleared from Bridgeport, N. S. May 29 for Buenos Ayres.
Carrie L. Tyler, Lancaster, arrived at New York June 12 from New York.
C. P. Dixon, N. F. Gilkey, sailed from Baltimore April 8 for Montevideo; spoken June 5 at 14, 18, 37 W.
Edward May, sailed from Boston July 5 for Honolulu.
Evie Reed, A. T. Whittier, arrived at Boston June 23 from Rosario.
Harvard, Colcord, sailed from Montevideo May 29 from New York, N. S. W. J. for Auger.
Herbert Black, W. H. Blanchard, sailed from New York March 4 for San Jose, Guatemala; spoken April 18, at 20, S, 18, 34 W.
H. H. Colcord, arrived at Colon June 19 from Brunswick, N. S. W. J. for Auger.
Henry Norwell, Cushman, sailed from New York June 29 for Brunswick, Ga.
Island, McClure, sailed from New York Feb 12 for Montevideo; spoken March 13, at 2, 18, 28 W.
Lucy A. Nickels, C. M. Nichols, sailed from Hong Kong June 2 from New York.
Mabel I. Meyers, W. H. Meyers, sailed from Turk's Island July 1 for Boston.
Matanzas, sailed from New York July 5 for Havana.
Penobscot, E. G. Parker, sailed from New York March 13 for Adelaide; spoken May 16, at 20, S, 18, 34 W.
Rebecca Crowell, M. G. Dow, sailed from Hamburg May 28 for Rio Janeiro; passed Dec 7.
Rose Innis, Melvin Colcord, sailed from Santos May 27 for Barbados.
Serrano, R. G. Waterhouse, arrived at Sourabaya May 14 from Batavia.
St. Lucie, Suedel, sailed from Barbados June 15 for Trinidad.
Thomas A. Goddard, W. S. Griffin, cleared from Parrsboro, N. S. July 2 for Buenos Ayres.
Willard Mudgett, A. C. Colcord, cleared from Portland April 18 for Buenos Ayres; spoken May 14, at 23 N, 18, 36 W.

SCHOONERS.

Georgia Gilkey, W. R. Gilkey, sailed from Portland April 23 for Buenos Ayres.
John J. Jones, W. H. Park, sailed from Rosario June 1 for Boston.
Hattie McG. Buck, H. F. Sprawl, cleared from Bangor June 30 for New York.
Henry Clausen, Jr., Appleby, arrived at Boston July 1 from Portland.
Horace G. Morse, Harriman, arrived at Philadelphia July 7 from Bath.
John C. Smith, Kneeland, arrived at Belfast June 25 from New York.
Lester A. Lewis, Kimball, arrived at Belfast June 12 from Hoboken.
Lucia Porter, Farrow, sailed from Jacksonville July 6 from New York.
Mary A. Hall, M. Yeale, sailed from Port Royal July 1 for Boston.
R. F. Pettigrew, Morse, cleared from Portland July 1 for Kennebec and Philadelphia.
R. W. Hopkins, Hickborn, cleared from Norfolk May 14 for Cienfuegos.
Sallie T. On, W. H. West, arrived at Norfolk June 26 from Red Beach, Me.
Willie L. Newton, E. Combs, cleared from Philadelphia July 6 for Belfast.

The Journal and the Tribune.

Last year The Republican Journal Publishing Company had a six months' contract with the publishers of the New York Weekly Tribune by which the two papers were furnished to new subscribers at \$2, and to old subscribers paying in advance for \$2.25. Another contract has been made on even more liberal terms, as set forth in our advertising columns. New and old subscribers are now placed on an equal footing and all who pay for The Journal one year in advance can have The New York Weekly Tribune without extra charge. In remitting it should be stated that the Tribune is wanted, as it will not be sent unless the request is made. The New York Weekly Tribune is acknowledged to stand without rival as the leading Republican paper of the day. It is a twenty-page journal and gives all the news of the world, while its different departments, political news, editorial, etc., make a most valuable paper to all. The Tribune is very cheap at \$1.00 per year, which is its price. The Republican Journal will be maintained in its present position, with special attention to local and State news. Subscriptions may begin at any time.

The New Professor at Orono.

Professor Chas. D. Woods, formerly Vice Director of the Storrs, Connecticut, Agricultural Experiment Station, assumed his duties as Professor of Agriculture in the Maine State College and Director of the Maine Experiment Station July 1st, in place of Professor W. H. Jordan, who has gone to the New York Agricultural Experiment Station at Geneva, as its Director. Professor Woods is a Maine boy and comes from well known Maine stock. His grandparents were among the early settlers in Waldo County, coming here from New Hampshire. His grandparents were farmers and his father was a farmer and later a merchant. He removed from the State about twenty-five years ago. His uncle, Hon. Wm. M. Woods of Belfast, has been in the legislature and was for a number of years treasurer of Waldo County.

Professor Woods' boyhood was spent in Belfast. He was fitted for College at Kent's Hill and at Dean Academy, Franklin, Mass. He was graduated from Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., in 1880, in the same class with President Harris. From 1880 to 1882 Professor Woods was assistant in the Chemical Department of Wesleyan University, and in the college year he had charge of the Department of Chemistry in the absence of the Professor in Europe. From 1882 to 1888 he was teacher of Natural Science at Wilbraham, Mass., Academy. In 1888 he was elected chemist, and in 1890 Vice Director, of the Storrs, Conn., Agricultural Experiment Station, which position he resigned to go to the Maine State College. Since 1894 he has been an "expert in food investigations" for the United States. In his undergraduate work Professor Woods gave special attention to chemistry, chiefly agricultural chemistry. During this time he had the advantage of intimate relations with Dr. A. T. Neale of the Delaware Experiment Station and of Professor W. H. Jordan of Orono, at that time Assistant in the Chemical Department of Wesleyan. The first experiment station in America was started at Middletown while Professor Woods was a student there and he has, therefore, been familiar with the experiment station movement from its beginning. Since 1876, with the exception of the period from 1883 to 1888, he has been associated with Professor W. O. Atwater, one of the early professors of chemistry at the Maine State College.

During his early years at Middletown Professor Woods was associated with men who have since become prominent in experiment work. Among them were Director Neale of the Delaware Station, Director Voorhees of the New Jersey Station, Director Jenkins of the Connecticut Station, the late Professor Walter Bailestone of the Maine State College, and Director True of the Office of Experiment Stations at Washington.

Professor Woods' work has been chiefly along the lines of plant and animal nutrition, in conjunction with Professor Atwater. The most important investigation in nutrition of plants was upon the acquisition of atmospheric nitrogen by growing plants. By these experiments it was shown that certain kinds of plants, such as clover, peas, beans and vetches have the power of obtaining their nitrogen from the air. He has given much attention to the problems connected with dairying, and especially those which have to do with the feeding of milk cows.

During the last few years a large part of his time and thought has been given to the investigation of the food of man. In 1894 Congress made a special appropriation for the investigation of the nutritive value of human food. While the Secretary of Agriculture entrusted this investigation to Professor W. O. Atwater, its immediate direction has been largely in Professor Woods' charge.

Professor Woods has been a liberal contributor to the current agricultural literature, especially through the publications of the experiment station and the Department of Agriculture. By his work in farmers' institutes he has become well known in Southern New England, and from his connection with the experiment station movement and the food investigation undertaken by the United States Department of Agriculture he has acquired a national reputation.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby adding to the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find them just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1 per bottle at Kilgore & Wilson's City Drug Store.

Mackerel Taken at Provincetown.

PROVINCETOWN, July 8.—Schooner Iolanthe, seiner, caught several barrels of tinker mackerel off Wood End last night. Steam seiner Cormorant made a set of seine for a big school of that species unsuccessfully. These fish appear to be drawing gradually closer to land. The mackerel captured in set nets the last two days were "dollar" mackerel, sadly inferior in size to the mackerel that had frequented these waters of late. The smaller species always come in swarms. Some of the traps took tinkers to-day in lots of from two to six barrels.

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"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interests of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various cure-all nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

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JOURNAL - SUPPLEMENT.

BELFAST, MAINE, THURSDAY, JULY, 1896.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF THE PREMIUMS

FOR THE
FOURTEENTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OF THE
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AT THE
MAPLEWOOD DRIVING PARK,
BANGOR, MAINE.

For Live Stock Close Monday, August 10, positively. Official
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Local Staff Officers, 1896:
Edith A. Stevens, Assistant Secretary.
S. Dean, Treasurer.
F. L. Small, Superintendent City Hall.
Miss Edith A. Stevens, Secretary City Hall.
Miss Edith A. Stevens, Superintendent Agricultural Department.
Miss Edith A. Stevens, Superintendent Poultry Department.
Miss Edith A. Stevens, Superintendent Ticket Department.
Miss Edith A. Stevens, Superintendent Space and Ground Rental.
Miss Edith A. Stevens, Press Agent.

Eastern Maine State Fair, 1896.

GENERAL ARRANGEMENTS.

The fourteenth annual exhibition of the Eastern Maine State Fair will be held at Maplewood Park, Bangor, Maine, commencing on Monday, August 25th, and continuing through Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, August 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, and September 1st, 1896.

ADMISSION.

City Hall, 25 cents.
Delivered unless their entrance has been paid.
Children under twelve years of age, and persons under 6 years of age, admitted free.

Season Tickets, \$2.00, admitting to Park and Hall each day.
Campers' Tickets, \$2.00. Straw will be furnished free to campers.

SPECIAL TROTTERING AND PACING PURSES.

The following is a list of Special Trotting and Pacing purses offered by the Eastern Maine State Fair at their annual meeting, to be held at Maplewood Park, Bangor, on August 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, and September 1, 1896.

For the best horse, 2.25 class, \$100.
For the best horse, 2.25 class, \$100.
For the best horse, 2.25 class, \$100.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 25.

No. 1, \$200. Green horse class, 2.25 class.
No. 2, \$200. 2.25 class.
No. 3, \$200. Running race, 1 mile.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26.

No. 4, \$250. 2.40 class.
No. 5, \$250. Running race, 14 mile.
No. 6, \$250. 2.17 class.
No. 7, \$250. Running race, 1 mile.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27.

No. 8, \$300. 2.25 class.
No. 9, \$300. Running race, 14 mile.
No. 10, \$300. 2.15 class.
No. 11, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 12, \$300. 2.25 class.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 28.

No. 13, \$300. 2.25 class.
No. 14, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 15, \$300. 2.34 class.
No. 16, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 17, \$300. 2.25 class.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 29.

No. 18, \$300. 2.25 class.
No. 19, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 20, \$300. 2.34 class.
No. 21, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 22, \$300. 2.25 class.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 30.

No. 23, \$300. 2.25 class.
No. 24, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 25, \$300. 2.34 class.
No. 26, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 27, \$300. 2.25 class.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 1.

No. 28, \$300. 2.25 class.
No. 29, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 30, \$300. 2.34 class.
No. 31, \$300. Running race, 1 mile.
No. 32, \$300. 2.25 class.

land Bay Stallions, Classes 33, 34, 35 and 36.
American Trotting Bred Mares, Class 29.
American Trotting Bred Foals of 1896, Class 30.
American Trotting Bred Geldings and Fillies, 3, 4, 5 and 6 year old, Class 28.
Percheron and Clydesdale Mares, with Foal at foot, Class 37.

CATTLE.

Short-horns and grades.
Holsteins and grades.
Ayrshires and grades.
Maine Herd Book Jerseys.
Grade Jerseys.
Swine, all breeds.
Poultry.

Working Steers, 1 year old.
Pulling Oxen Sweepstakes, under 7 feet 2 inches.
Matched Steers, 1 year old.
Matched Steer Calves.

HALL.

Butter, Cheese and Dairy Implements.
Grain, Seeds, Shovels and Vegetables.
Grange Exhibits.

RACES ON TRACK.

Exhibition of Stock on track.
Parades.

SECOND DAY—Wednesday, August 26.

HORSES.

American Trotting Bred Stallions, Class 27—1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 years, and over.
French Coach, Cleveland Bay and Hackney Coach and Fillies, Class 33—1, 2, 3 and 4 years old, and Foals, 1896.

Draft Horses to be tested, Class 28.
Gentlemen's Driving Horses, Class 39.
Matched Driving Horses, Class 40.
Matched or Cross Matched Carriage or Coach Horses, Class 41.
Grand Sweepstakes, Class 31.

CATTLE.

Herold Stock and their grades.
Aberdeen.
Guernseys and their grades.
American Cattle Club Jerseys.
Working Oxen, 4 years old.
Working Steers, 2 years old.
Matched Steers, 2 years old.
Matched Steers, 3 years old.
Pulling Oxen, under 7 feet 2 inches.
Pulling Steers, 2 years old.
Fat Stock, all classes.
Trained steers, all ages.
Races on track.
Parade.
Exhibition of stock on track.

THIRD DAY—Thursday, August 27.

Devon Stock and their grades.
Suffolk Stock and their grades.
Working Oxen, 5 years old.
Working Steers, 3 years old.
Working Steer Calves.
Matched Oxen, 5 years old.
Matched Oxen, 4 years old.
Pulling Oxen, 6 feet 10 inches.
Pulling Steers, 1 year old.
Pulling Oxen, 7 feet 6 inches and over.
Pulling Oxen Sweepstakes, 7 feet 2 inches and over.

Sweepstakes, Oxen and Steers in pairs, Class 15.
Pulling Steers, 3 years old.
Town Teams.
Sheep, all classes.
Wool Floors.

HORSES.

Races. Parades.
Exhibition of Stock on Track.

FOURTH DAY—Friday, August 28.

Grand Cavalcade at 11 a. m. and completion of any unfinished examination.
All prize animals, excepting swine and poultry, must appear in the Cavalcade unless excused by the Superintendent of Department.

SCHEDULE OF PREMIUMS.

CATTLE DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent of this Department, Shepherd M. Lucas, Hermon, Me.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Entries in all the Stock Departments will positively close Monday, August 10th, at 11 p. m.

No. 1—Short-horns.

HERD PREMIUMS.

Exhibitors will be allowed to make but one entry for a herd of the same breed.
For the best Bull, and not less than four or more than six Cows or Heifers, not less than one year old belonging to any one person, 1st \$20, 2d \$15.
Special entry must be made for herds.

BULLS.

Three years old and upward, with at least two of their get, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Two years and under three, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
One year and under two, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.

BEST BULL CALF.

Best Bull Calf, 1st \$3, 2d \$2.

COWS, HEIFERS AND HELPER CALVES.

Four years old and upward, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Three years old, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
Two years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$6.
One year old, 1st \$8, 2d \$4.
Best Heifer Calf, 1st \$3, 2d \$2.
The same premiums as for Short-horns to govern each class to No. 11.

No. 2—Hereford Stock.

No. 3—Holstein Stock.

No. 4—Ayrshire Stock.

No. 5—Jersey Stock.

No. 6—Maine Herd Book Jerseys.

No. 7—American Cattle Club Jerseys.

No. 8—Devon Stock.

No. 9—Suffolk Stock.

No. 10—Grade Short-horns.

The sire of stock competing in the following classes must be of pure blood (not thoroughbred) so called, that term being only applicable to the horse. What constitutes a grade is a pure bred sire without regard to the breeding of the dam. All the elevating of the breeds of the lower animals must come from the pure bred sire. Dairy and stock qualities to be considered.

Best Cow, four years old and upward, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Best Heifer, three years old, 1st \$8, 2d \$4.
Best Heifer, two years old, 1st \$6, 2d \$3.

Best Heifer, one year old, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
The same premiums to govern the following classes of grades:

No. 12—Grade Hereford.
No. 13—Grade Holstein.
No. 14—Grade Ayrshire.
No. 15—Grade Jersey.
No. 16—Grade Maine Herd Book Jersey.
No. 17—Grade American Cattle Club Jersey.
No. 18—Grade Devon.
No. 19—Grade Suffolk.

Oxen and Steers can only compete in two classes, exhibitors to take choice at time of entry. Town teams and drawing are not included.
All working oxen and steers entered for premium must be shown to have their age and correct weight marked upon the card attached to the yoke.
Discipline, size, form and disposition to be specially considered.

No. 16—Sweepstakes, Oxen and Steers in Pairs.

Age, size and form to be specially considered. Oxen and steers competing in this class shall not compete in the working classes.
Best yoke, five years old and over, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
Best yoke, three or four years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$7.

No. 17—Working Oxen.

Best yoke, five years old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Best yoke, four years old, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 18—Working Steers.

Best yoke, three years old, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
Best yoke, two years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$6.
Best yoke, one year old, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Best pair Steer Calves, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.

No. 19—Trained Steers.

For best pair of Trained Steers, two and three years old (by boy under eighteen years of age) 1st \$20, 2d \$15.
For best pair of Trained Steers, one year old (by boy under fifteen years of age) 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Steer Calves (by boy under twelve years of age) 1st \$5, 2d \$3.

No. 20—Matched Oxen and Steers.

Color and disposition to be considered.
Best pair, five years and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$8.
Best pair, four years old, 1st \$15, 2d \$8.
Best pair, three years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Best pair, two years old, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.
Best pair, one year old, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.
Best pair Steer Calves, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.

No. 21—Town Teams.

Best Town Team of five yoke of cattle, three years old and over, 1st \$25, 2d \$20.
Best Town Team of five yoke of Steers, three years old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Best Town Team of five yoke of Steers, two years old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Best Town Team of five yoke of Steers, one year old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 22—Pulling Oxen.

A fee of 5 per cent of the whole purse will be deducted from the prize money of the time of entry, August 10th. This is to be additional to the general entry, \$2, which closes August 10th, and fee must accompany entry. No entry for pulling will be accepted after August 10th. Order for pulling shall be decided by lot.
Exhibitors may enter the same pair of oxen or steers in all pulling classes to which they are eligible. Five minutes allowed for each trial. Oxen subjected to abuse from teamsters will be sent to stable by judges, and no entrance money refunded.
For oxen 7 ft 6 in and over or under, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
For oxen under 7 ft 4 in, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
For oxen under 7 ft 2 in, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
For oxen 6 ft 10 in and under, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 23—Pulling Steers.

For Steers three years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$7.
For Steers two years old, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.
For Steers one year old, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.
The two latter to be driven by boy under sixteen years of age.

No. 24—Sweepstakes.

For pulling of oxen 7 ft 2 in and over, 1st \$20, 2d \$10.
For pulling of oxen under 7 ft 2 in, 1st \$20, 2d \$10.

No. 25—Fat Stock Prizes.

Animals competing for these premiums must be shown on the Maine State Fair at least six months before the exhibition.
Exhibitors competing for the fat stock premiums shall furnish a written statement in detail of their method of feeding, etc.

FAT OXEN AND STEERS IN PAIRS, BRED AND OWNED BY THE EXHIBITOR.

Four years and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Three years and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Two years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$6.
One year old, 1st \$8, 2d \$4.
Calves, 1st \$8, 2d \$4.

No. 26—Sweepstakes.

Offered by the Society.
Best exhibit of Fat Cattle, not more than six, owned and exhibited by one man, 1st \$20, 2d \$15.
Best Fat Animal of any age or breed, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.

HORSE DEPARTMENT.

Superintendent of this Department, E. H. GREENE, Ellsworth, Me.

FAIR.

Assistant Superintendent, Major W. F. Harding, Bangor.

Entries Close Monday, August 10th.

Exhibitors will be required to pay an entrance fee of Five cents and total premiums competed for. See Section 27, General Regulations.

No. 27—American Trotting Bred Stallions.

Stallions in this department will be entitled to the number of points scored by their offspring on exhibition, for record; records to be credited must be made previous to August 25th. The same credits allowed to brood mares. Exhibitors must write on their entry card the name and record of the competing offspring. Only one record will be credited for the same animal, as a one year old, two year old, three year old, etc. The exhibitor will be entitled to the benefit of having placed to his credit the one record which will give him the greatest number of points. Stallions over four years old, competing

for premiums, shall have been kept for service in this State at least four months prior to the exhibition.
Any person entering a horse in this class must have the official record of their stock, or they must show to the judges a full mile on the track in the time required, having two trial heats for each horse, subject to the call of the judges.
Five years and over, having a record of 2:35 or better, or able to show same to judges, to be shown to halter, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Four years old, must have a record of 2:50 or show same to judges, to be shown to halter, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
Three years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Two years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
One year old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
No. 28—American Trotting Bred Geldings.

Five years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
Four years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
Three years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
Two years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
One year old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.

American Trotting Bred Fillies.

Five years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
Four years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
Three years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
Two years old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.
One year old, to be shown to halter, 1st \$6, 2d \$4.

No. 29—American Trotting Bred Brood Mares.

Any age, with foal at foot, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.

In making awards in Class 29, the breeding of the dam, her individual merit with what she has produced, will be considered. This premium is for the brood mare alone; the foal will be considered only as evidence of the mare's merit, and therefore the breeding of the foal on the side of the sire will not be taken into account.

No. 30—American Trotting Bred Foals of 1896.

For stallion, to be not less than 15-2, or weigh less than 1,050, with six of his get, 1 year and over, no two from the same dam, uniformity in size, conformation and natural action to be required. Total score on structural parts to determine awards. 1st \$20, 2d \$10.

No. 31—French Thoroughbred Coach Stallions.

French thoroughbred Coach Stallions, without regard to age, 1st \$20, 2d \$10.

No. 32—Cleveland Bay Stallions.

Cleveland Bay Stallions, without regard to age, 1st \$20, 2d \$10.

No. 33—Thoroughbred Hackney Stallions.

Thoroughbred Hackney Stallion, without regard to age, 1st \$20, 2d \$10.

No. 34—French Coach, Cleveland Bay and Hackney Geldings and Fillies (Half Bloods).

Four years old, shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Three years old, shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Two years old, shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
One year old, shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Foals of 1896, shown to halter, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.

No. 35—Sweepstakes.

For Percheron, Clydesdale, English Shire and Suffolk Punch Stallions, 1st \$25, 2d \$15.

No. 36—Sweepstakes.

For Percheron, Clydesdale, English Shire and Suffolk Punch Mares, not less than three to compete, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 37—Draft Horses.

To be tested, best pair of Draft Horses, to be judged according to weight, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
To be tested, best Stallion, according to weight and age, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Entry fee of five per cent of entire purse in addition to general entry.
Three pairs to compete. Special entry for pulling to close Saturday, August 8th, with general entry.

No. 38—Geats' Driving Horses.

See Rule at foot of Class 41.

Five to enter; three to start. Four years old and over to weigh 1000 pounds or more. Stallions barred. Road action, style, disposition, endurance, etc., to be specially considered. Horses must stand at least 15-1. To be shown to wagon and driven two miles by owner. Speed not to govern award, but to be considered. 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 39—Matched Driving Horses.

Stallions barred. Five to enter; three to start. To stand 15 hands to 15-3. Shown to harness, style, action, uniformity in type, road qualities and speed to be considered. The latter not to govern award. 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 40—Matched or Crossed Matched Carriage or Coach Horses.

To stand not less than 15-2. Stallions barred. Uniformity in conformation and action, style and general road qualities to govern award. 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

Classes 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 and 38 open to competition to Maine and Maritime Provinces.
Entry fee in above three classes, 5 per cent of the total premiums in each class, in addition to the general entry of \$2, and to be made with general entry, August 10th; fee to accompany entry in every case.

SHEEP DEPARTMENT.

The ages of all animals must be given, and all ages will be computed to the first of September, to determine in what division the animals shall be entered. Sheep in these classes must be registered, and certificate of same presented to the judges. See Special premiums.

No. 42—Cotswold Bucks.

Two years old and over, with four of his progeny, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
One year old, 1st \$6, 2d \$3.

Best Heifer, one year old, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
Best Heifer Calf 1st \$3, 2d \$2.
The same premiums to govern the following classes of grades:

No. 12—Grade Hereford.
No. 13—Grade Holstein.
No. 14—Grade Ayrshire.
No. 15—Grade Jersey.

Oxen and Steers can only compete in two classes, exhibitors to take choice at time of entry. Town teams and drawing are not included.
All working oxen and steers entered for premium must be shown to have their age and correct weight marked upon the card attached to the yoke.
Discipline, size, form and disposition to be specially considered.

No. 16—Sweepstakes, Oxen and Steers in Pairs.

Age, size and form to be specially considered. Oxen and steers competing in this class shall not compete in the working classes.
Best yoke, five years old and over, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
Best yoke, three or four years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$7.

No. 17—Working Oxen.

Best yoke, five years old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Best yoke, four years old, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.

No. 18—Working Steers.

Best yoke, three years old, 1st \$12, 2d \$8.
Best yoke, two years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$6.
Best yoke, one year old, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Best pair Steer Calves, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.

No. 19—Trained Steers.

For best pair of Trained Steers, two and three years old (by boy under eighteen years of age) 1st \$20, 2d \$15.
For best pair of Trained Steers, one year old (by boy under fifteen years of age) 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Steer Calves (by boy under twelve years of age) 1st \$5, 2d \$3.

No. 20—Matched Oxen and Steers.

Color and disposition to be considered.
Best pair, five years and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$8.
Best pair, four years old, 1st \$15, 2d \$8.
Best pair, three years old, 1st \$10, 2d \$5.
Best pair, two years old, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.
Best pair, one year old, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.
Best pair Steer Calves, 1st \$8, 2d \$5.

No. 21—Town Teams.

Best Town Team of five yoke of cattle, three years old and over, 1st \$25, 2d \$20.
Best Town Team of five yoke of Steers, three years old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Best Town Team of five yoke of Steers, two years old and over, 1st \$15, 2d \$10.
Best Town Team of five yoke of Steers, one year old and over, 1st \$15

officers of the Eastern Maine State Fair Association extended a cordial invitation for our Society to join them in their exhibition, expressing the belief that such an arrangement would enable our Society to extend its work in the Eastern part of the State. After carefully considering the matter and advising with the Trustees of the State Agricultural Society, the terms proposed, with slight modifications, were accepted.

In entering upon this work, we shall be able to meet a larger number of fruit growers, and impart to them the same enthusiasm that has so far been a continual encouragement to grow more fruit in Maine. It will be a pleasure to have the horticultural interests of the State to be increased by this new union.

In a new exhibition room, among new surroundings, it may be difficult to avoid some annoyances, but with the cordial assurances of assistance from those who have conducted the department in former years, we hope they may be below. Our effort will be to conduct the fair in the interests of the cause our Society represents, and with this view, we urge fruit growers in all parts of the State to send a hand. All the exhibitors of the Society are open to Maine fruit growers, many of whom we hope to meet at the Fair in Bangor.

The arrangement for this year will modify the existing rules of the Fair by the following addition to "Special Regulations":

The Society's premiums are open for competition to all persons residing in the State, but only premiums and gratuities exceeding \$1.00 and less than \$2.00 are awarded to a person not a member of this Society. A fee of \$1.00 will be deducted therefrom; and when premiums and gratuities amounting to \$2.00 or more are awarded to any person not a member of the Society, the fee for life membership will be deducted therefrom, and a certificate of membership will be issued accordingly.

All premiums awarded by the Society will be payable by the treasurer before the first of January, 1897.

Members of the Society will obtain their tickets on application to the Superintendent of the Ticket Department of the Eastern Maine State Fair.

For further information, address the Secretary.

D. H. KNOWLTON,
Farmington, Maine.

POMOLOGICAL AND HORTICULTURAL.

SCHEDULE OF PREMIUMS.

Persons intending to make entries will find it a convenience to themselves and will confer a favor on the Superintendent by giving notice of their exhibits by Saturday, before the opening of the exhibition. By so doing entry cards can be read in readiness for them at the time of their arrival with exhibits.

Class A—Apples.

In examining apples for premiums Committees will have regard to (1) size, (2) color and appearance, (3) condition of fruit.

FIRST DIVISION.

In the general exhibitions and in the County exhibitions there must be five specimens of each variety, and no more. In adopting the number of varieties required in the general and County collections the Association does not intend to encourage the multiplication of varieties, and the Committee will be instructed in awarding the premiums, to have regard to quality and value rather than to the number of varieties.

By "named varieties" is meant such as are named and described in some standard work on Pomology or have been named and approved by some National or State Horticultural Society.

In the County exhibitions there must be 20 correctly named varieties. Exceptions to the above in No. 2 (Aroostook), is made where there must be at least ten standard varieties, and no County to exceed 20.

1. For the best general exhibition of apples grown by the exhibitor in Aroostook County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
2. For same in Aroostook County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
3. For same in Cumberland County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
4. For same in Franklin County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
5. For same in Hancock County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
6. For same in Kennebec County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
7. For same in Knox County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
8. For same in Lincoln County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
9. For same in Oxford County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
10. For same in Penobscot County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
11. For same in Piscataquis County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
12. For same in Sagadahoc County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
13. For same in Somerset County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
14. For same in Waldo County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
15. For same in Washington County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
16. For same in York County, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
17. For best collection of crab apples, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

SECOND DIVISION.

Entries for premiums in this division must consist of twelve specimens each, no more, no less.

1. For best dish Baldwin, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
2. For best dish Gravenstein, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
3. For best dish Northern Spy, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
4. For best dish Rhode Island Greening, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
5. For best dish Roxbury Russet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
6. For best dish Tomkins Kings, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
7. For best dish Yellow Bellflower, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

THIRD DIVISION.

Entries for premiums in this division must consist of five specimens, and no more, of each variety exhibited, and must be separate specimens from any exhibited in any other division.

1. For best dish Alexander, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
2. For best dish American Golden Russet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
3. For best dish Ben Davis, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
4. For best dish Deane (Nine Ounce), 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
5. For best dish Duchess of Oldenburg, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
6. For best dish Early Harvest, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
7. For best dish Fallwater, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
8. For best dish Fall Harvest, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
9. For best dish Fameuse, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
10. For best dish Fanny, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

35. For best dish Garden Royal, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
36. For best dish Granite Beauty, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
37. For best dish Golden Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
38. For best dish Hubbardston Non-such, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
39. For best dish Jewett's Fine Red (Nedhead), 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
40. For best dish King Sweeting, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
41. For best dish Large Yellow Bough (Sweet Bough), 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
42. For best dish McIntosh Red, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
43. For best dish Milding, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
44. For best dish Mother, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
45. For best dish Munson Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
46. For best dish Peck's Pleasant, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
47. For best dish Pomme Royale, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
48. For best dish Porter, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
49. For best dish Pound Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
50. For best dish President, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
51. For best dish Primrose, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
52. For best dish Pumpkin Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
53. For best dish Red Astrachan, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
54. For best dish Red Canada, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
55. For best dish Red Rome, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
56. For best dish Russell, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
57. For best dish Somerset, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
58. For best dish Stark, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
59. For best dish Starkey, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
60. For best dish Sweet Bough, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
61. For best dish Talman's Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
62. For best dish Tetofsky, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
63. For best dish Twenty Ounce, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
64. For best dish Wagener, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
65. For best dish Wealthy, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
66. For best dish William's Favorite, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
67. For best dish Winthrop Greening, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
68. For best dish Yellow Transparent, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Class 2—Pears.

Entries for premium No. 69 must consist of not less than ten varieties of five specimens of each variety.

69. For the best general exhibition of Pears not less than eight varieties, 1st \$4, 2d \$3, 3d \$2.
70. For best dish Clapp's Favorite, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
71. For best dish Bartlett, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Entries for premium No. 70 to 98 inclusive, must consist of five specimens of each variety exhibited.

72. For best dish Belle Lucrative, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
73. For best dish Beurre d'Anjou, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
74. For best dish Beurre Bosc, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
75. For best dish Beurre Hardy, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
76. For best dish Beurre Superfin, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
77. For best dish Beurre Clairgean, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
78. For best dish Beurre Mel, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
79. For best dish Buffum, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
80. For best dish De Tonga, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
81. For best dish Doyenne Bonsoeck, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
82. For best dish Duchesse d'Angouleme, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
83. For best dish Fulton, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
84. For best dish Flomish Beauty, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
85. For best dish Glout Moreau, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
86. For best dish Goodale, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
87. For best dish Howell, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
88. For best dish Idaho Koonce, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
89. For best dish Lawrence, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
90. For best dish Louise Bonne de Jersey, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
91. For best dish Marie Louise, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
92. For best dish Nickerson, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
93. For best dish Seckel, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
94. For best dish Sheldon, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
95. For best dish Souvenir de Congress, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
96. For best dish Vicar of Wakefield, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
97. For best dish Winter Nellis, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
98. For best dish Wilder's Early, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Class 3—Grapes.

In grape exhibitions (Nos 99 and 100) not less than six varieties shall constitute a collection.

99. For best exhibition of grapes grown with artificial heat, 1st \$5, 2d \$3, 3d \$2.
100. For best exhibition of grapes grown in cold grapes, 1st \$5, 2d \$3, 3d \$2.

Open Air Grapes—The exhibition occurs so early in the autumn that the Association offers no premiums for outdoor grapes. But should specimens be exhibited of sufficient maturity to be deemed worthy of a prize, competent judges will be appointed at the time of the Fair, and gratuities awarded.

Class 4—Plums.

Entries for the best plate of each variety must consist of not less than twelve specimens each.

101. For best general exhibition of plums, not less than 10 varieties, 1st \$5, 2d \$3, 3d \$2.
102. For best dish Abundance, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
103. For best dish Bavy's Green Gage, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
104. For best dish Bradshaw, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
105. For best dish Burbanks, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
106. For best dish Coe's Golden Drop, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
107. For best dish Gage Green, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
108. For best dish Gage Prince Imperial, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
109. For best dish Gage Purple, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
110. For best dish Gage Red, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
111. For best dish General Hand, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
112. For best dish Guil, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
113. For best dish Jefferson, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
114. For best dish Lawrence, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
115. For best dish Lombard, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
116. For best dish Magnum Bonum, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

For best dish Garden Royal, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Granite Beauty, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Golden Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Hubbardston Non-such, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Jewett's Fine Red (Nedhead), 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish King Sweeting, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Large Yellow Bough (Sweet Bough), 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish McIntosh Red, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Milding, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Mother, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Munson Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Peck's Pleasant, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Pomme Royale, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Porter, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Pound Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish President, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Primrose, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Pumpkin Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Red Astrachan, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Red Canada, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Red Rome, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Russell, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Somerset, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Stark, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Starkey, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Sweet Bough, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Talman's Sweet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Tetofsky, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Twenty Ounce, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Wagener, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Wealthy, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish William's Favorite, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Winthrop Greening, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
For best dish Yellow Transparent, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Class 5—Small Fruits in Glass.

For specimens of small fruits in preserving fluid, in jars or bottles, not more than 1 pint each, premiums of 50 cents and 25 cents will be awarded for each variety, provided the condition of fruit will enable the judges to identify the varieties.

Class 6—Miscellaneous Articles, Canned Fruit, Preserves, Etc.

128. For best dish Peaches, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
129. For best dish peck of cultivated Cranberries, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
130. For best Orange Tree, in fruit, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
131. For best Lemon Tree, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
132. For best Fig Tree, in fruit, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
133. For best dish Japanese Vineberry, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
134. For best dish Dewberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
135. For best dish Blackberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
136. For best dish Quinces, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

The collective exhibition of Canned Fruits, etc., must consist of at least twenty distinct varieties, and the specimens composing such exhibitions shall not compete for any other premium.

137. For best variety of Canned Fruits, Preserves, Pickles, etc., made and put up by exhibitor, 1st \$5, 2d \$3, 3d \$2.
138. For best specimen Canned Blackberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
139. For best specimen Canned Blueberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
140. For best specimen Cherries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
141. For best specimen Gooseberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
142. For best specimen Canned Peaches, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
143. For best specimen of Canned Pears, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
144. For best specimen of Canned Plums, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
145. For best specimen of Canned Quinces, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
146. For best specimen of Canned Raspberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
147. For best specimen of Canned Strawberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
148. For best specimen of Canned Tomatoes, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
149. For best specimen of Preserved Apples, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
150. For best specimen of Preserved Currants, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
151. For best specimen of Preserved Cherries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
152. For best specimen of Preserved Pears, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
153. For best specimen of Preserved Plums, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
154. For best specimen of Preserved Quinces, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
155. For best specimen of Preserved Raspberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
156. For best specimen of Preserved Strawberries, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
157. For best assorted Pickles, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
158. For best bottle Tomato Catsup, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
159. For best collection of Apple Jellies made from distinct varieties of apples (not crab), not less than five kinds in natural colors, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
160. For best tumbler Apple (not crab) Jelly made from single named variety, and in natural color, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
161. For best tumbler Crab Apple Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
162. For best tumbler Currant Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
163. For best tumbler Grape Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
164. For best tumbler Quince Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
165. For best tumbler Raspberry Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
166. For best tumbler Rhubarb Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
167. For best tumbler Strawberry Jelly, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
168. For best tumbler Maple Syrup, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
169. For best pounds Evaporated Apples 1st \$3, 2d \$2.

Class 7—Flowers.

In this class no article can be entered for more than one premium. All plants and flowers entered for premium must be in their places at Exhibition Building at noon on the first day of the Fair.

170. For the best display of cut flowers filling not less than 100 plants, 1st \$5, 2d \$3, 3d \$2.
171. For best exhibition of Roses, not less than five varieties, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
172. For best exhibition of Dahlias, not less than ten varieties, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
173. For best exhibition Chinese pinks, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
174. For best exhibition of carnations, not less than five varieties, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
175. For best exhibition of Japan lilies, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
176. For best exhibition of asters, not less than ten varieties, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
177. For best exhibition of Pansies, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
178. For best exhibition of Zinnias, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
179. For best exhibition of Pinks Drummond, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
180. For best exhibition of Stocks, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
181. For best exhibition of Balsams, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
182. For best exhibition Chrysanthemums, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
183. For best exhibition Petunias, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
184. For best exhibition Gladiolus, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
185. For best exhibition of Verbannas, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
186. For best twelve button hole bouquets, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
187. For best corsage bouquet, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
188. For best floral pillow, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
189. For best floral design, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
190. For best floral wreath, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
191. For best basket wild flowers, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
192. For best exhibition of dried grass correctly named as far as possible, 1st \$2, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
193. For best everlasting flowers, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
194. For best dish cut flowers, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
195. For best dish fancy basket flowers, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.

197. For best exhibition green house plants, 1st \$3, 2d \$2.
198. For best exhibition of pot plants, not less than ten pots, 1st \$2.50, 1.50, 3d \$1.
Persons exhibiting green house plants (No 197) cannot compete for premium No. 198.

199. For best exhibitions of ferns, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
200. For best exhibition of Geraniums, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
201. For best exhibition of Begonias, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
202. For best exhibition of Coleus, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
203. For best specimen plant of Tuberosa, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
204. For best specimen plant of Dracaena, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
205. For best specimen plant of double Geranium, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
206. For best specimen plant of single Geranium, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
207. For best specimen plant of Salvia Splendens, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
208. For best specimen plant of Foliage Begonia, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
209. For best specimen plant of Flow-ering Begonia, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
210. For best specimen plant of Coleus, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
211. For best specimen plant of Fuchsia, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
212. For best specimen plant of Carnation, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
213. For best single pot plant, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
214. For best specimen hanging basket with plants, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
215. For best specimen plant on trellis, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
216. For best specimen plant of Wardian case, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
217. For best specimen plant with plants, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
218. For best specimen plant, not less than three feet in height, to be filled with choice plants, 1st \$1.50, 3d \$1, 3d \$0.50.

MECHANICAL, MANUFACTURES, ETC.

In this department we solicit the hearty co-operation of all manufacturers and their agents in making this one of our most instructive features. We have placed at their disposal a new covered pavilion, where all articles can be protected from rain and snow, and all exhibitors will have a central sorting of the Fair Committee and will be awarded medals and diplomas according to their merit. Space will be assigned on application to the Secretary. There will be no charge of space, but the exhibitors will be charged \$2.00 for the display of their goods, which will entitle them to an exhibitor's season ticket admitting to Park and Hall.

Agricultural Implements.

Manufacturers of agricultural implements are requested to exhibit their productions, as it is the desire of the Association to encourage as much as possible the show of agricultural implements.

Notes. Sewing machines may be entered for exhibition only.

For the following articles a diploma will be awarded: Best plain panel door, best window blind, best exhibition of shades, doors and blinds, best display of stair rods and wood-cooking ranges, family cooking range, etc. Exhibition of copper work, brass work, tin ware, Japan ware, h. use warming furnace for wood, house warming furnace for coal, gas and oil stoves, and steam apparatus for cooking food for cattle.

Corporation Manufactures.

A diploma will be awarded the following: Best flannel, best black broadcloth, best piece of cassimere, best piece of satin, best piece of silk, best piece of delaine, best display of cotton and woolen hose, best gingham, best cotton print, best cotton sheeting and shirting, best mixed cotton and wool cloth, best cotton twine, best rope and twine, best display of carpets, best and handsome display of five fancy door mats, best display of window curtains.

Carriages.

A diploma will be awarded the following: Best assortment of set, best covered carriage, best top buggy, best open buggy, best double sleigh.

Machinery for Working Wood, Iron and Stone.

A diploma will be awarded the following: Best display of hardware for building use, best display of edge tools, best display of firearms, best display of cutlery, best display of blacksmith's tools, best display of iron safes, best display of ornamental castings, best stationary engine, best steam fire engine, best steam dig.

Mineral and Botanical.

A diploma will be awarded for the following: Best collection of useful minerals found in New England, best collection of fossils, best collection illustrating the geology of New England, best collection of minerals of New England, best collection of birds (living or stuffed), best collection of natural curiosities of New England, best display of dressed granite, best display of slate, best specimen of marbleized wood, best specimen of marbled slate, best specimen of granite (polished), best specimen of potash field-spar, best collection illustrating mineralogy of New England, best specimen of water, best specimen of granite and marble (one dressed, one undressed), best firebricks, best pressed bricks, best display of drain tile, best table salt (made by exhibitor), best barrel of lime (made by exhibitor), best hydraulic cement (made by exhibitor), best display of forage grasses.

ART BUILDING.

ORNAMENTAL, NEEDLE AND FANCY WORK.

Superintendent, R. G. ROLLINS.

1. No entrance fee will be charged on exhibitors in the Art Building. No exhibit will be admitted free to the hall on Monday, August 24th. After that date they will be charged the regular admission of 25 cents, which will admit to new City Hall, Columbia street, or an exhibitor's ticket for \$1.00 good for two admissions to the Hall each day, and exhibitor's season ticket for \$2.00 admitting to Park and Hall.

2. All articles competing in this department, (except exhibits) must be the work of the exhibitor. No aid in the production of ladies and children and entered in the name of the maker or owner and must not be received unless so entered (except displays), and must remain in the Hall until the close of the Fair.

Displays, Professionals.

Best and largest collection of ladies' work (needle art), useful and ornamental, made by the exhibitor, 1st \$6, 2d \$4, 3d \$2.
Best and largest collection lady's (needle work), useful and ornamental, all the work of the exhibitor, 1st \$3, 2d \$2, 3d \$1.

Amateurs.

Best collection lady's (needle work), useful and ornamental, all the work of the exhibitor, 1st \$3, 2d \$2, 3d \$1.
Best exhibit needle work independent of all other entries, 1st \$4, 2d \$2.
Best exhibit custom made tailor garment, not less than five suits, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
Best exhibit millinery, not less than 10 articles, 1st \$4, 2d \$2.
Best exhibit antiquities, not less than 25 pieces, 1st \$3, 2d \$2.
Professionals are those who manufacture and sell work, including proprietors of ladies' art repositories, parlors, etc.
Best exhibit of confectionery in glass cases, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best exhibit of mounted animals, heads, fish, birds, etc., not less than 25 specimens, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
Best exhibit of minerals, 100 specimens or more, by one person, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
Best exhibit of hats, caps, furs, robes, etc., one person, 50 specimens or more, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
Best exhibit of furniture, carpets, draperies, by one person or firm, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.
Best exhibit of boots and shoes by dealer, diploma.
Best exhibit of boots and shoes by manufacturer, bronze medal.
Class A—Domestic Manufactures.
Best hand woven woolen blankets, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best hand knit cotton quilt, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best hand knit woolen quilt, fancy design, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best hand made white cotton quilt, fancy design, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best hand made cotton comforter, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best patchwork quilt by person over 75 years of age, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best patchwork quilt made by person over 15 and under 75 years of age, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best hand woven rag carpet, 10 yards or more, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best hand woven yarn carpet, 10 yards or more, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best hand made yarn rug, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best hand made braided rug, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best hand made tufted rug, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best hand made drawn rug, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best hand made silk rug, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best domestic woolen yarn, 5 lbs or more, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand knit woolen socks, 5 pairs or more, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand knit woolen hose, 3 pairs or more, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand knit woolen mittens, men's, 5 pairs or more, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand knit woolen mittens, lady's, 2 pairs or more, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand knit woolen drawers, 2 pairs or more, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Class B—Worsted.

Best slumber robe, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best carriage Afghan, 1st \$3, 2d \$1.50, 3d \$1.
Best child's Afghan, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best lady's skirt, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best child's skirt, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best lady's slippers, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best work done by child under 7 years of age, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best lady's shawl or cape, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best lady's shawl, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.

Class C—Outline Work.

Best bed spread, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$1, 3d \$0.50.
Best pair Pillow Shams, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best Toilet Set, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best tea cloth, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best tray cloth, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best center piece, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best doilies, 4 dozen or more, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Class D—Mexican.

Best piano drape, silk, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best toilet set, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best dish, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best tray cloth, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best tea cloth, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best doilies, 4 dozen, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best linen handkerchief, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best side board cloth, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best center piece, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best apron, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best cake basket doilies, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.

Class E—Silk, Plush and Velvet.

Best silk hand made portiere, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best silk quilt, 1st \$3, 2d \$1.50, 3d \$1.
Best mantle drape, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best switch ranch, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best embroidered chair cover, upholstered, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best slipper case, silk embroidered, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

Class F—Miscellaneous.

Best table cover, Bulgarian work, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best sofa pillow, Bulgarian work, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best center piece, jewel work, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best doilies, 4 dozen, jewel work, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best picture frame, jewel work, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best tea cloth, delf work, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best doilies, 4 dozen or more, delf work, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best switch ranch, For tray, 1st \$2, 2d \$1.
Best sofa pillow, embroidered, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best embroidered child's dress, silk, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best embroidered infant's skirt, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best embroidered lady's skirt, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best piece embroidery, button hole stitch, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best table cover, long and short stitch, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best tea cloth, long and short stitch, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best center piece, long and short stitch, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best doilies, long and short stitch, 4 dozen, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best bureau scarf, long and short stitch, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best tea cloth, Ideal Honiton, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best center piece, Ideal Honiton, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best doilies, Ideal Honiton, 4 dozen, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best piece outline or embroidery done by lady over 80 years, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best crocheted table mats, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best broom holder, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand knit lace, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand made lace handkerchief, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best hand made lace doily, 1st \$0.50, 2d \$0.25.
Best photograph frame embroidered, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best display initial embroidery, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best side board cloth, German cord work, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best tray cloth, German cord work, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.
Best table cover, German cord work, 1st \$1.50, 2d \$0.75.
Best lace collar, 1st \$1, 2d \$0.50.

all the work of the exhibitor, 1st \$3, 2d \$2, 3d \$1.
Best collection lady's (needle work), useful and ornamental, all the work of the exhibitor, 1st \$3, 2d \$2, 3d \$1.
Best exhibit needle work independent of all other entries, 1st \$4, 2d \$2.
Best exhibit custom made tailor garment, not less than five suits, 1st \$5, 2d \$3.